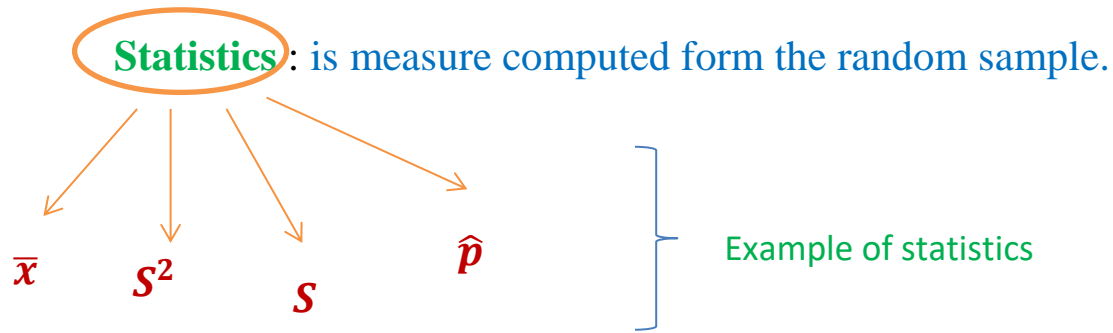
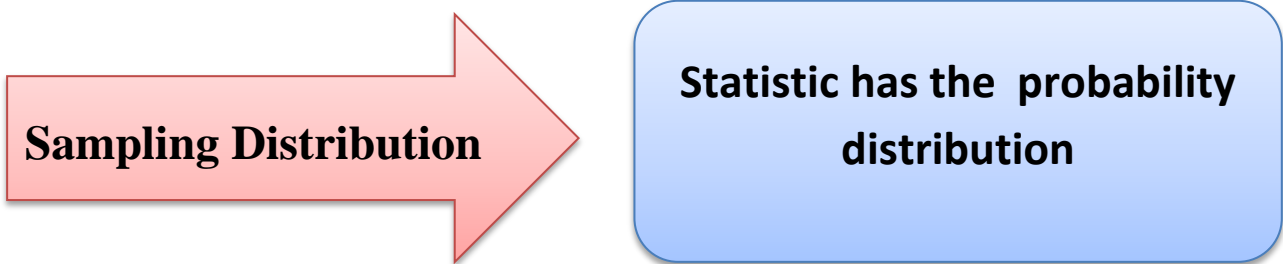
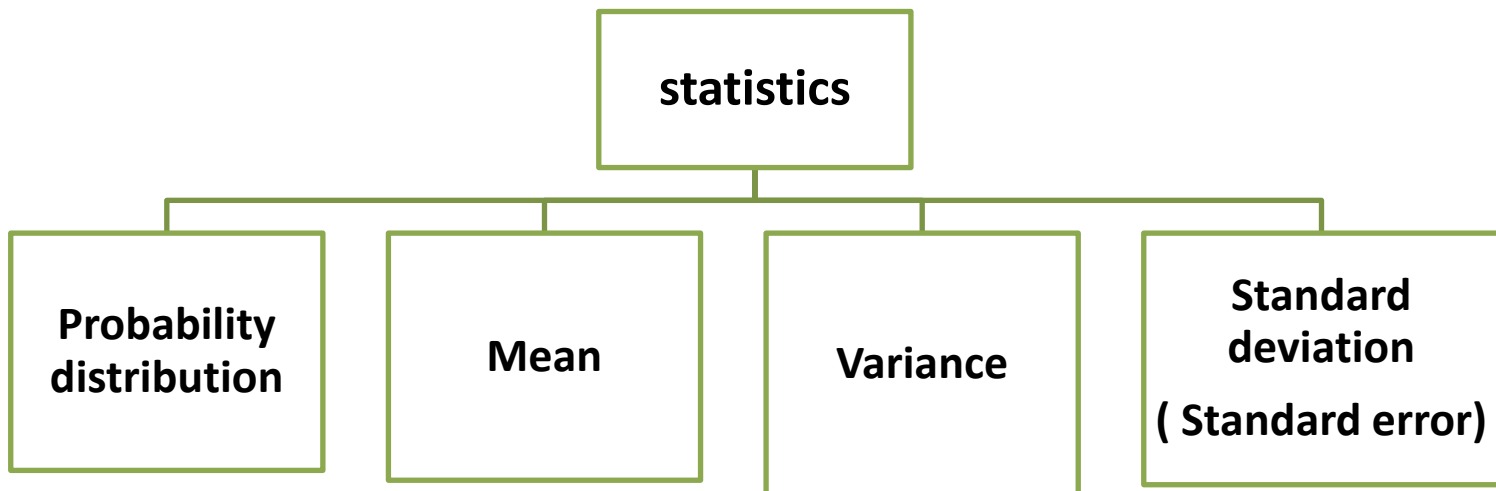


CHAPTER 5: Probabilistic Features of the Distributions of Certain Sample Statistics



* In this Chapter we will discuss the **probability distributions** of some **statistics**.



Sampling Distribution of the Sample Mean

\bar{X}

- Normal + σ^2 **Known**
- Non-normal + σ^2 **Known** + $n \geq 30$ (large)

$$\text{Mean } (\bar{X}) = \mu$$

$$\text{Variance } (\bar{X}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation } (\bar{X}) = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\bar{X} \sim \text{Normal} \left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n} \right)$$

$$Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \text{mean}}{S.D} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$$

- Normal + σ^2 **Unknown** + $n < 30$ (small)

$$\text{Mean } (\bar{X}) = \mu$$

$$\text{Variance } (\bar{X}) = \frac{s^2}{n}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation } (\bar{X}) = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\bar{X} \sim t_{(n-1)}, \text{ df} = n-1$$

$$T = \frac{\bar{X} - \text{mean}}{S.D} = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{s / \sqrt{n}}$$

Sampling Distribution of the difference between two Sample Mean

$$\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2$$

- **Normal + σ_1^2, σ_2^2 Known**
- **Non-normal + σ_1^2, σ_2^2 Known + $n_1, n_2 \geq 30$ (large)**

$$\text{Mean } (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \mu_1 - \mu_2$$

$$\text{Variance } (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation } (\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$$

$$\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 \sim \text{Normal} \left(\mu_1 - \mu_2, \frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2} \right)$$

$$Z = \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - \text{mean}}{S.D} = \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

Sampling Distribution of the Sample Proportion

\hat{p}

- $n \geq 30$ (large) + $np > 5$ + $nq > 5$, ($q=1-p$)

$$\text{Mean } (\hat{p}) = P$$

$$\text{Variance } (\hat{p}) = \frac{pq}{n}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation } (\bar{X}) = \sqrt{\frac{pq}{n}}$$

$$\hat{p} \sim \text{Normal} \left(p, \frac{pq}{n} \right)$$

$$Z = \frac{\hat{p} - \text{mean}}{S.D} = \frac{\hat{p} - p}{\sqrt{\frac{pq}{n}}}$$

Sampling Distribution of the difference between two Sample Proportions

$$\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2$$

- $n_1, n_2 \geq 30$ (large) + $n_1 p_1 > 5$ + $n_2 p_2 > 5$ + $n_1 q_1 > 5$ + $n_2 q_2 > 5$

$$\text{Mean } (\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) = p_1 - p_2$$

$$\text{Variance } (\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) = \frac{p_1 q_1}{n_1} + \frac{p_2 q_2}{n_2}$$

$$\text{Standard deviation } (\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) = \sqrt{\frac{p_1 q_1}{n_1} + \frac{p_2 q_2}{n_2}}$$

$$\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2 \sim \text{Normal} \left(p_1 - p_2, \frac{p_1 q_1}{n_1} + \frac{p_2 q_2}{n_2} \right)$$

$$Z = \frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - \text{mean}}{S.D} = \frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - (p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{p_1 q_1}{n_1} + \frac{p_2 q_2}{n_2}}}$$