**Grammar Sample Questions:**

**1 Francis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an engineer. (**be – am - is – are )

**2 Angela \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ want to go out because she has**

**a lot of homework.** (does – do - don't - doesn't )

**3 A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are they?**

**B: They are my brothers. (** What – Who – Where – How )

**4 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ names are Will and Harry. They are**

**princes. (** My – Their – Your – His )

**5 Our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ name is Terry. (**teacher's – teachers- teacher - teachers' )

**6 Saudi National Day is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 23rd September. (** in – to – at – on )

**7 At the moment Travis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school every**

**day. (**walks – walking – walk - walked )

**8 I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend the Eid holiday last month**

**with my family. (**decide – decides – deciding – decided )

**9 Yesterday Alex \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ten cups of Arabic coffee. (**drinking - drinks – drank – drink **)**

**10 There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ oranges in the fruit bowl, but**

**not many. (**any- some – most – much )

**Vocabulary Sample Questions**

**1 A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ writes for newspapers and magazines.**

a. postman

b. manager

c. consultant

d.journalist

**2 Where are you? I can't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you.**

a. use

b. understand

c. see

d. watch

**3 Chad is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He has a lot of money.**

a. slow

b. rich

c. friendly

d. fast

**4 I'm tired! I need a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

a. present

b. prize

c. wedding

d.break

**5 The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sells painkillers, toothpaste, and shampoo.**

a. pharmacy

b. college

c.factory

d. library

**6 Our grandmother is very sick. We need to phone for an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.** a.office

b. ambulance

c. ice-cream

d. engineer

**7 "Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your spelling."**

a. write

b. send

c. check

d. agree

**8 Stephen had some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ problems, so he left the university.** a.personal

b. modern

c. exciting

d. easy

**9 Can you close the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? I don't want anyone looking through the window.**

a. menus

b. cookers

c. notebooks

d. blinds

**10 Gold is a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The price usually goes up.**

a. exploration

b. investment

c. education

d. invention

**Reading:**

 20 Multiple Choice Questions ( 2 reading passages with 10 MCQs each)

**Sample Reading Passage with Questions**

**1.** Mumbai is India’s largest city. Mumbai was part of the British Empire until independence in 1947. It was then called Bombay. In 1995 it was renamed Mumbai. It is the fifth most populous city in the world, and in 2010 it had a population of 23 million.

**2.** Mumbai is in the north west of India, on the coast. It has a tropical climate, with four seasons.January and February are the winter months, with average temperatures a cool 16 to 18°C, while March to May is the summer period. May is the hottest month, averaging 34°C. The monsoon season, from June to September, is very wet, with July experiencing the heaviest rainfall. The highest rainfall in the history of Mumbai was recorded on 26 July 2005. On this day, a record 944 mm of rain fell on the city, causing large scale ***flooding*** and property damage, and claiming several lives. The dry season, October to December is cooler and drier.

**3.** Mumbai is both old and modern, rich and poor. The streets are full of people doing business. ***They*** sell snacks and clothes, or just live. Mumbai is famous as the entertainment capital of India. The country’s most important businesses and banks have their headquarters in Mumbai, and ***it*** is one of the world's top ten centres of business and finance. It is the richest city in India, and money is everywhere. However, sixty per cent of the population live in

buildings with no water, no electricity, and no sanitation. Modern skyscrapers and new shopping malls are right next to these ***slums***.

**4.** Public transport in Mumbai carries millions of people by rail, road and water every day. The cheapest and easiest transport is by bus or taxi. Trains can be crowded and dangerous. Because of its poverty, Mumbai can be a difficult place to live. But it is also unlike any other city. The experience is ***unique.***

**Questions**

**1** When was the city renamed Mumbai?

a. 2010

b. 1947

c. 2005

d. 1995

**2** Where in India is Mumbai located?

a. the northeast

b. the southeast

c. the northwest

d. the southwest

**3** What is the average temperature in May?

a. 18°C

b. 34°C

c. 26°C

d. 16°C

**4** In which month does most rain fall?

a. March

b. January

c. July

d. October

**5** Which type of transport is **NOT** mentioned in the last paragraph?

a. plane

b. train

c. taxi

d. bus

**6** The word ***flooding*** in paragraph 2 means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. rainfall in July

b. too much heat in the city

c. damage to buildings

d. too much water in the streets

**7** The word ***slums*** in paragraph 3 means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. modern buildings

b. poor and dirty houses

c. new malls

d. poor and dirty streets

**8** What does the word ***They*** in paragraph 3

refer to?

a. old and modern

b. streets

c. rich and poor

d. people

**9** What does the word ***it*** in paragraph 3 refer to?

a. India

b. Mumbai

c. headquarters

d. centre

**10** What is the best title for this reading passage?

a. India's Largest City

b. The Weather of Mumbai

c. Transport in Mumbai

d. The People of India

**Note:** The vocabulary questions (6 & 7) should be answered from the context of the reading passage. These words are not taken from the vocabulary list provided in the vocabulary section.

**Listening:**

 **20 Multiple Choice Questions** ( 2 listening scripts with **10 MCQs** each)

**Sample Listening Script with Questions**

**Alan:** Hi Walter. How are you? What are you doing today?

**Walter:** Hello Alan. I’m fine, thanks. I’m studying lifestyles ‐ the way people live ‐ in

other countries.

**Alan:** Which countries?

**Walter:** Today I got onto Wikipedia and read about Canada …and then France, Alan,

because many Canadians speak French.

**Alan:** That’s interesting. What did you read about France?

**Walter:** Well, France is part of Europe, and most of the culture there is totally

different from Canada.

**Alan:** How is it different, Walter?

**Walter:** Well, for one thing, when you have a meeting or appointment in Canada

you must be there on time. But in France it’s acceptable to be up to one

hour late.

**Alan:** Hey Walter! I think I’d like to live in France. I wouldn’t have to buy a watch.

**Walter:** Maybe not, Alan. Anyway, tomorrow I’m going to look up China and Japan.

**Alan:** They both speak the same language, don’t they?

**Walter:** Actually, Alan, they don’t. The languages may sound similar to us, but

Chinese is totally different from Japanese.

**Alan:** Oh. …Really?

**Walter:** Not just that, Alan. China itself has two different main languages. One is

called Mandarin and the other Cantonese.

**Alan:** Hmm – I’m not really interested in China, Walter. But Japan appeals to me.

**Walter:** Yes. I’m thinking about visiting Japan in a year or two. It has an interesting

culture. For instance, people there don’t shake hands when they meet.

They bow to each other. Also it’s considered bad manners, even rude, if

you don’t take off your shoes when you go into a traditional Japanese restaurant.

**Alan:** Hey Walter – in Japan I could walk around without shoes and then get my

dinner faster when I go out to eat!

**Walter:** That’s very funny, Alan, but you will need shoes in Japan, even in summer,

because, according to Wikipedia, many cities get a lot of rain.

**Questions:**

**1 How many countries did Walter read about today?**

a**.** 1

b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

**2 What does Walter say about the culture in Europe compared with**

**Canada?**

a. It is exactly the same.

b. It is similar.

c. It is totally different.

d. It is a little different.

**3 In France you can be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_minutes late for an appointment.**

a.60

b. 30

c. 15

d. 0

**4 Where would Alan like to live?**

a. Japan

b. France

c. China

d. Canada

**5 What does Alan say about China And Japan?**

a. They are different countries.

b. They are both in Asia.

c. They have different languages.

d. They have the same language.

**6 Which language do they speak in China?**

a. French

b. Japanese

c. English

d. Cantonese

**7 When does Walter think he will go to Japan?**

a. this year

b. in the new year

c. 2 or 3 years from now

d. 1 or 2 years from now

**8 What do people consider bad manners in Japan?**

a. not shaking hands

b. shaking hands

c. not taking off your shoes

d. taking off your shoes

**9 Why does Alan say that he won'twear shoes in Japan?**

a. so he is not late for meetings

b. so he can get his food quicker

c. so he can save money on shoes

d. so he is not rude to Japanese people

**10 What is the weather like in many Japanese cities?**

**a.** rainy

b. windy

c. sunny

d. cloudy

**Speaking Exam (10%)**

**Item Marks**

Speaking 20 (15+5)

 The speaking exam is based on two parts i.e. personal information and information gap.

 The assessor will award the marks out of 15.

 The interlocutor will award the marks out of 5.

 The Speaking exam will last for about 10 - 15 minutes for each pair of student.

**Speaking Sample**

Part 1 – Personal Questions

Your Hometown/City

Your Home

1) Where do you live?

2) Is this the capital city?

3) What is this city famous for?

4) Does this city have any famous buildings?

5) Do you live in the centre of the city? Or the suburbs?

6) What is rural life like in this country?

1) What type of home do you live in?

2) How many rooms does your home have?

3) Does your home have a garage?

4) Does your home have a swimming pool?

5) Are the homes in your neighbourhood similar to yours?

6) What makes your home different from those in your

neighbourhood?

Part 2 – Information Gap

Card 1a

**Tokyo City**

 Tokyo has a population of 13 million people.

 Tokyo is on the east coast of Japan.

 Tokyo is the safest city in the world.

 It has the busiest railway system in the world. 11 million people use it every day.

 Tokyo was originally a small fishing village called Edo.

 The name was changed to Tokyo in 1868.

**Tokyo City**

 Tokyo/many people?

 Tokyo/where?

 City/safe?

 Many people/railway?

 Name/before?

**Writing Exam (10%)**

**Item Marks**

Writing 12

 The writing exam is based on a topic with three prompts to answer.

 Two markers will mark each writing script.

 The average of the two markers’ score is considered the final mark.

 The Writing exam will last for 60 minutes.

 The minimum number of word count is 50.

**Writing Sample:**

**WRITING SECTION**

You should spend about 60 minutes on this task.

Write at least 50 words.

Write about reading.

You should write about:

 Where you like to read

 What you like to read. Why?

 Do you like to read quickly or slowly? Why?