## Department of Statistics

## \& Operations Research

College of Science, King Saud University

## STAT 145

Test I
Semester I, 1432 - 1433 H

| Student Name: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Student Number: |  | Section Number: |  |
| Teacher Name: |  | Attendance <br> Number |  |

- Mobile Telephones are not allowed in the classrooms.
- Time allowed is 90 minutes
- Answer all questions.
- Choose the nearest number to your answer.
- WARNING: Do not copy answers from your neighbours. They have different questions forms.
- For each question, put the code in capital letter of the correct answer, in the following table, beneath the question number:

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | C | A | B | D | D | C | B | C | C |


| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | A | D | D | B | B | C | A | B | A |


| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | A | D | D | B |

## QUESTIONS 1-2

From men with age more than 20 years living in Qaseem, we select 200 men. It was found that the average weight of the men was 76 kg .
Q. 1 The variable of interest is:
(A) Age
(B) weight
(C) 200 men
(D) 76 kg
Q. 2 The sample size is:
(A) 76
(B) 20
(C) 200
(D) 1520

## QUESTIONS 3-8

Fill in the table given below. Answer the following questions.

| Class <br> Interval | Frequency | Cumulative <br> Frequency | Relative <br> Frequency | Cumulative <br> Relative <br> Frequency |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5-9$ | 8 |  |  |  |
| $10-14$ | 15 |  | C |  |
| $15-19$ | 11 | B |  | D |
| $20-24$ | A | 40 | 0.15 |  |

Q. 3

The value of A is:

| (A) 6 | (B) 4 | (C) 34 | (D) 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 4

The value of $B$ is:

| (A) 40 | (B) 34 | (C) 0.85 | (D) 0.275 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 5

The value of C is:

| (A) 23 | (B) 0.575 | (C) 0.275 | (D) 0.375 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 6

The value of D is:

| (A) 0.375 | (B) 34 | (C) 0.8 | (D) 0.85 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 7

The true class interval for the first class is:
(A) 5-9
(B) 5-10
(C) $4.5-9.5$
(D) $5.5-9.5$
Q. 8

The percentage of observations less than 19.5 is:

| (A) 34 | (B) 85 | (C) 1 | (D) 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## QUESTIONS 9-14

Temperature (in Faraheniet) recorded at 2 am in London on 8 days randomly chosen in a year were as follows:
$\begin{array}{llllllll}40 & -21 & 38 & -9 & 26 & -21 & -49 & 44\end{array}$
Q. 9 The average temperature for the sample is:

| (A) 248 | (B) 1 | (C) 6 | (D) 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 10 The median temperature for the sample is:

| (A) 17 | (B) -21 | ( C) 8.5 | (D) -8.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 11 The mode of temperature for the sample is:

| (A) -21 | (B) 44 | (C) 2 | (D) -49 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 12 The standard deviation for the sample data is:

| (A) 35.319 | ( B) 30.904 | (C) 1247.43 | (D) 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 13 The coefficient of variation for the sample is:

| (A) $49 \%$ | (B) $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ | (C) $4 \%$ | (D) $\mathbf{5 8 8 . 7 \%}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 14 The range of the sample is:

| (A) 4 | (B) 8 | (C) 40 | (D) 93 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QUESTIONS 15-19

| Gender | Diabetics (D) | Not Diabetic (D ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ) | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male (M) | 72 | 288 | 360 |
| Female (F) | 48 | 192 | 240 |
| TOTAL | 120 | 480 | 600 |

Consider the information given in the table above. A person is selected randomly from 600 people.
Q. 15 The probability that the person found is male and diabetic is:

| (A) 72 | (B) 0.12 | (C) 0.60 | (D) 0.67 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 16 The probability that the person found is male or diabetic is:
(A) 0.12
(B) 0.68
(C) 0.60
(D) 0.97
Q. 17 The probability that the person found is female is:
(A) 0.24
(B) 0.12
(C) 0.40
(D) 0.5
Q. 18 Suppose we know the person found is a male, the probability that he is diabetic, is:

| (A) 0.2 | (B) 0.12 | (C) 0.40 | (D) 0.68 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 19 The events M and D are:

| (A) Disjoint | (B) Independent | (C) mutually exclusive | (D) Dependent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## QUESTIONS 20-21

Suppose that $5 \%$ of the people in a population have cancer and $20 \%$ of all the people are poor. Suppose that two events (cancer and being poor) are independent. A person is selected at random from the population.
Q. 20 The probability that the person selected is $r$ poor and has a cancer, is:

| (A) $\mathbf{0 . 0 1}$ | (B) 0.10 | (C) 0.24 | (D) 0.25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 21 The probability that the person selected is either poor or has a cancer, is:

| (A) 0.01 | (B) 0.10 | (C) $\mathbf{0 . 2 4}$ | (D) 0.25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## OUESTIONS 22-25

It is known that $40 \%$ of the population is diabetic. 330 persons who were diabetics went through a test where the test confirmed the disease for 288 persons. Among 270 healthy persons, test showed high sugar level for 22 persons. The information obtained is given in the table below.

## Answer the following Questions.

| Test | Diabetics $(\mathrm{D})$ | Not Diabetic $\left(\mathrm{D}^{\mathrm{c}}\right)$ | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positive $(T)$ | 288 | 72 | 360 |
| Negative $(\bar{T})$ | 42 | 198 | 240 |
| TOTAL | 330 | 270 | 600 |

Q. 22 The sensitivity of the test is:

| (A) 0.873 | (B) 0.480 | (C) 0.733 | (D) 0.33 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 23 The specificity of the test is:

| (A) 0.873 | (B) 0.330 | (C) 0.48 | (D) 0.733 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 24 The probability of false positive is:

| (A) 0.1549 | (B) 0.127 | (C) 0.713 | (D) 0.267 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q. 25 The predictive probability positive for the disease is:

| (A) 0.686 | (B) 0.800 | (C) 0.480 | (D) 0.873 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

