## EXERCIES-SHEET-1

(1) Find an interval on which the IVP

$$
\sqrt{4-x^{2}} y^{\prime \prime}-\frac{x}{3-x} y^{\prime}+y=0, \quad y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=0
$$

has a unique solution on this interval.
(2) Find an interval on which the IVP

$$
x e^{-x} y^{\prime \prime}-\frac{x}{1+2 x} y^{\prime}+(\ln x) y=0, \quad y(2)=0, y^{\prime}(2)=1
$$

has a unique solution on this interval.
(3) Find an interval on which the IVP

$$
(\sin x) y^{\prime \prime}-\frac{x}{1+\cos x} y^{\prime}+x y=0, \quad y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=0, y^{\prime}\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=1
$$

has a unique solution on this interval.
(4) Find an interval on which the IVP

$$
\left(x+x^{2}\right) y^{\prime \prime \prime}-5 y^{\prime}+(\ln x) y=0, \quad y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)=0, y^{\prime}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)=1, y^{\prime \prime}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)=-1
$$

has a unique solution on this interval.

