

**Calculators are not allowed**  
**The Examination contains 2 pages**

**Question 1: (8 marks)**

1. Without using truth tables, prove the following logical equivalence: **(3 marks)**

$$[(\neg p \rightarrow q) \vee (\neg p \wedge \neg q)] \vee (\neg q \wedge p) \equiv T$$

2. Using a proof by contradiction, show that  $\left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{5}}{3}\right)$  is an irrational number.  
(Hint: use the fact that  $\sqrt{5}$  is irrational). **(2 marks)**

3. Consider the sequence  $\{a_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$  defined as follows:

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = a_1 = 1 \\ a_{n+1} = 4a_n - 4a_{n-1}, \text{ for all } n \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

Use mathematical induction to prove that  $a_n = 2^n - n2^{n-1}, \forall n \geq 0$ . **(3 marks)**

**Question 2: (17 marks)**

1. Let  $R$  be the relation from  $A := \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  to  $B := \{0, 1, 2\}$ , defined by

$$\text{for } a \in A, b \in B, [(aRb) \Leftrightarrow (a + b \leq 3)].$$

- (a) List all ordered pairs in  $R$ . **(2 marks)**  
(b) Represent  $R$  by a matrix. **(1 mark)**  
(c) Find the relations  $R^{-1}$ ,  $R \circ R^{-1}$  and  $R^{-1} \circ R$ . **(3 marks)**
2. Let  $E$  be the relation on the set of integers  $\mathbb{Z}$  defined as follows:

$$\text{for } a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, [(aEb) \Leftrightarrow (2|(a^2 + b^2))].$$

- (a) Show that  $E$  is an equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$ . **(3 marks)**  
(b) Decide whether  $3 \in [2]$ , justify your answer. **(1 mark)**
3. Let  $P$  be the relation defined on the set  $C := \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$  by  
 $P = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (a, e), (b, b), (b, e), (c, c), (c, f), (d, d), (a, f), (e, e), (f, f)\}$ .
- (a) Draw the digraph of  $P$ . **(1 mark)**  
(b) Show that  $P$  is a partially ordering relation on  $C$ . **(3 marks)**  
(c) Is  $P$  a total ordering relation on  $C$ ? **(1 mark)**  
(d) Draw the hasse diagram of  $P$  on the set  $C$ . **(2 marks)**

**Question 3: (11 marks)**

Consider the sets  $X := \{a, b, c, d\}$  and  $Y := \{0, 2, 4, 6\}$ , and the function

$f : X \rightarrow Y$  defined by:  $f(a) = f(d) = 4$ ,  $f(b) = 6$  and  $f(c) = 0$ .

1. Find the image of each of the sets  $\{a, b\}$  and  $\{a, c, d\}$ . **(2 marks)**
2. Find the inverse image of each of the sets  $\{2\}$  and  $\{0, 6\}$ . **(2 marks)**
3. For the function  $f$ , determine whether it is one-to-one, and whether it is onto  $B$ . (Justify your answer). **(2 marks)**

Let  $g$  and  $h$  be the functions from the set of integers to the set of integers defined by  $g(x) = x - 4$  and  $h(x) = 2x^2 - 1$ .

1. Prove that  $g$  is a one to one correspondence. **(2 marks)**
2. Find the  $g^{-1}$  the inverse function of  $g$ . **(1 mark)**
3. Find  $g \circ h$  and  $h \circ g$ . **(2 marks)**

**Question 4: (4 marks)**

1. Determine whether each of the following statements is countable or uncountable. Justify your answers.
  - (a)  $\mathbb{Q} \cap (-\infty, 2]$ . **(1 mark)**
  - (b)  $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z})$ . **(1 mark)**
2. Show that the set of odd negative integers is a countable set. **(2 marks)**