**MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY**

**Past Exam Sample**s

**1-Inflammation of the liver is known as**

A-Jaundice B-Hepatitis

C-Cholelithiasis D-Gastritis.

**2-The surgical creation of new opening of the colon to the outside the body is called:**

A-Colitis. B-colesystectomy.

C-colectomy . D-Colostomy.

**3-the first part of the small intestine is called**

A-Duodenum. B-Jejunum.

C-Ileum. Colon.

**4- What does the prefix "*brady-*" mean?**

A- Short B-. Between

C. Slow D. Without

**5-Hepatomegally means:**

A-Infection of the liver. B-Resection of the liver.

C-Enlargement of the liver. D-Visual examination of the liver.

**6-The sac that store bile is**

A-Gall bladder. B-Liver

C-Pancrease. D-Rectum.

**7-The blood vessels that carry blood away from the heart is called**

A-Arteries. B-Veins.

C-Ling arteries. D-Venules.

**8-Disease of the heart muscle is called**

A-Carditis. B-Phlebotomy.

C-Cardiomyopathy. D-Arteriosclerosis.

**9-Angioplasty is**

A-Surgical opening in a vein. B-Surgical repair in a vein.

C-Inflammation in a vein. D-None of the above is correct.

**10-Chest pain is referred to as**

A-Angina. B-Myocardial infarction.

C-Shock. D-Hypertension.

**11-Abnormal heart beats is called**

A-Angina. B-Shock.

C-Aneurysm. D-Arrhythmia.

**12- What does the the prefix "*hypo-*" mean?**

a. Large b. Abnormal

c. Above Normal d. Below Normal

**13- What does the suffix "*-edema*" mean?**

A- Swelling B. Blood

C. Condition D. Cell

**14- What does the suffix "*-stenosis*" mean?**

a. Narrowing b. Opening

c. Contraction d. Splitting

**15- What does *Otoplasty* mean?**

a. Surgical repair of outer ear b. Repair of the eardrum

c. Surgical repair of the septum d. Surgical repair of outer eyelid

**16- What does *neuritis* mean?**

Inflammation of the spinal cord b. Paralysis

c. Inflammation of the nerves d. Bruising of the brain

**17- What does *thrombectomy* mean?**

a. Surgical removal of the thyroid b. Surgical removal of a lung

c. Surgical removal of a artery or vein d. Surgical removal of a blood clot

**18- What does *cyanosis* mean?**

a. Bluish or purplish coloration b. Abnormal heart rhythm

c. Heart Disease d. Hardening of the arteries

**19- What does the suffix "*-pathy*" mean?**

a. Blood b. Plaque

c. Formation d. Disease

* **benign tumor of glandular cells**
* **inflammation of a joint**
* **cancerous tumor**
* **inflammation of a gland**
* **study of the heart**
* **study of life**
* **pertaining to the head**
* **pertaining to the cerebrum**
* **inflammation of the skin**
* **record of the electricity of the brain**
* **record of the electricity of the heart**
* **commonly known as stroke**
* **instrument used to view the urinary bladder**
* **record of the electricity of the heart**

Example

electrocardiogram --------------K-----------------

* adenoma ----------------------------------
* arthritis ----------------------------------
* biology ----------------------------------
* carcinoma ----------------------------------
* cardiology ----------------------------------
* cephalic ----------------------------------
* cerebral ----------------------------------
* cerebrovascular accident ----------------------------------
* cystoscope ----------------------------------
* dermatitis ----------------------------------

The spinal column is a long row of bones from the neck to the tail bone. It has five divisions and each division consist of a number of vertebrae

Could name TWO divisions ONLY

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