

# EE 320 Communications Principles

Midterm# # 1 ( 1st Semester 1433/1434H)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Monday, October 15, 2012

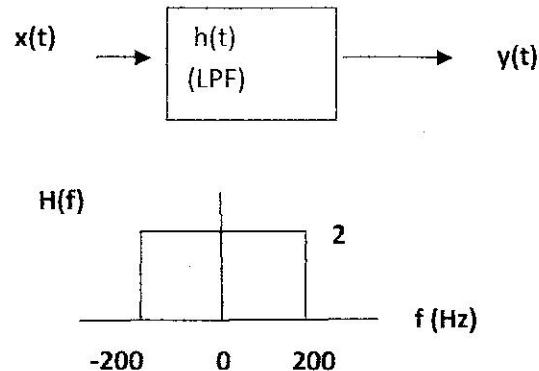
Student-ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks=60

Total Time = 90 Minutes

## Question#1 (20 marks):

- (a) Consider a signal  $x(t) = 2000\text{sinc}(1000t)$  applied to a low pass filter (LPF) whose frequency response  $H(f)$  is sketched below



- [8] Determine the energy spectral density (ESD) and autocorrelation function at the **input** of the low-pass filter
- [2] Calculate the energy at the **input** of low pass filter using autocorrelation function only.
- [8] Determine the energy spectral density (ESD) and autocorrelation function at the **output** of the low-pass filter
- [2] Calculate the energy at the **output** of low pass filter using energy spectral density only.

## Question#2 (20 marks):

Consider an AM signal with carrier  $c(t) = A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t)$  and the message signal  $m(t) = A_m \cos(2\pi f_m t)$ . Suppose the total power delivered by this AM wave to a 50 ohm resistance is 500 watts with the percentage modulation,  $\mu=70\%$ . Assume AM signal to be a voltage waveform. For this AM wave determine:

- [4] The carrier amplitude,  $A_c$
- [4] Power in the Carrier.
- [4] Power in Upper and Lower Side Bands.
- [4] Percentage of total power wasted in carrier i.e. wasted power.
- [4] Percentage of total power in side bands, i.e. efficiency

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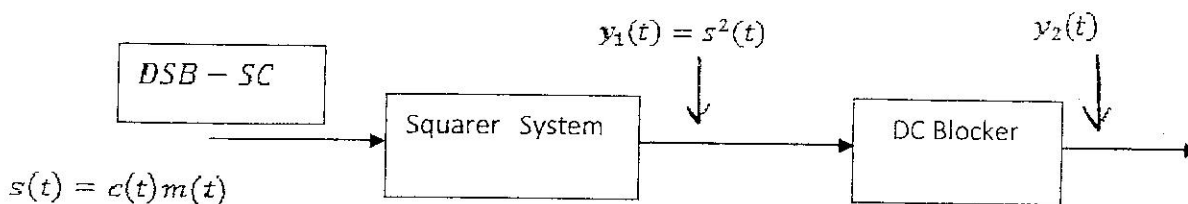
Total Marks=60

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## Question#3 (20 marks):

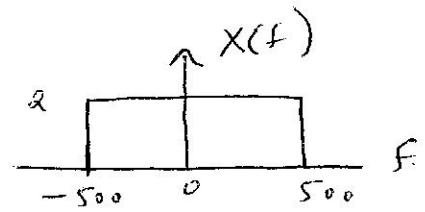
Consider the DSB-SC signal  $s(t) = c(t)m(t)$ , with carrier  $c(t) = 4 \cos(2\pi 1000t)$  and the message signal  $m(t) = 2 \cos(2\pi 100t)$ . Consider a squaring system which will generate  $y_1(t) = s^2(t)$ . This signal is input to a DC blocker system (the system which will block DC or  $f=0$  frequency component). The output of DC blocker is  $y_2(t)$ .

- (a) [8] Write down the simplified  $y_1(t)$  and then sketch  $Y_1(f)$  i.e. Fourier transform of  $y_1(t)$ . Make sure to label the axes correctly.
- (b) [8] Write down the simplified  $y_2(t)$  and then sketch  $Y_2(f)$  i.e. Fourier transform of  $y_2(t)$ . Make sure to label the axes correctly.
- (c) [4] Design an ideal low-pass filter to extract the **exact** message signal from  $y_2(t)$ . [Design mean what is the gain in passband and cutoff frequency of the LPF]

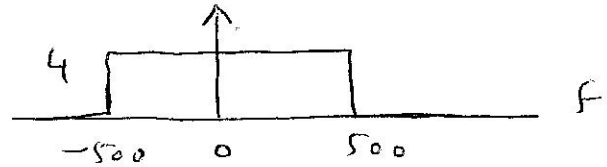


P# ①  $x(t) = 2000 \text{ sinc}(1000t)$

$X(f) = 2 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{f}{1000}\right)$

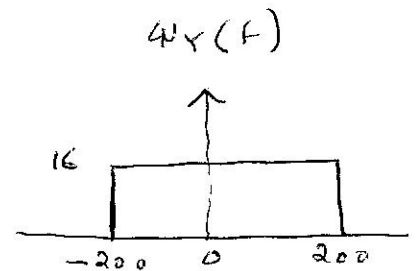
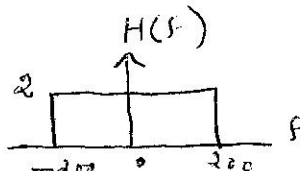
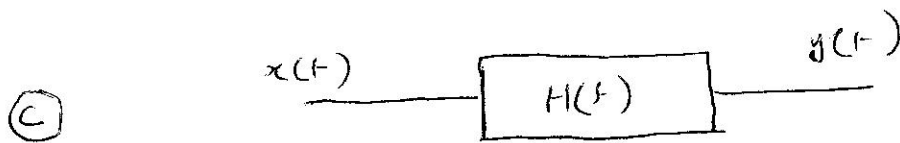


②  $\mathcal{W}_x(f) = |X(f)|^2$   
 $\mathcal{W}_x(f) = 4 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{f}{1000}\right)$



$R_x(\tau) = 4000 \text{ sinc}(1000\tau)$

③  $R_x(0) = E_x = 4000$



$\mathcal{W}_y(f) = 16 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{f}{400}\right)$

$R_y(\tau) = 6400 \text{ sinc}(400\tau)$

⑤  $E_y = \int_{-200}^{200} 16 df = 6400$

P#2

$$P_C = \frac{1}{2} \frac{A_c^2}{R}$$

$$P_{USB} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\mu A_c}{2} \right)^2 \times \frac{1}{R} = \frac{\mu^2 A_c^2}{8R}$$

$$P_{LSB} = \frac{\mu^2 A_c^2}{8R}$$

$$P_T = P_C + P_{USB} + P_{LSB}$$

$$P_T = \frac{1}{2} \frac{A_c^2}{R} + \frac{\mu^2 A_c^2}{4R}$$

(a) 
$$P_T = A_c^2 \left[ \frac{1}{2R} + \frac{\mu^2}{4R} \right] = 500$$

$$A_c^2 \left[ \frac{1}{100} + \frac{(0.7)^2}{200} \right] = 500$$

$$A_c = 200.4$$

(b) 
$$P_C = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{A_c^2}{R} = 401.6 \text{ Watt}$$

$$P_{USB} = P_{LSB} = \frac{\mu^2 A_c^2}{8R} = 49.2 \text{ Watt}$$

(d) 
$$\text{Wasted Power} = \frac{P_C}{P_T} = 80.32 \%$$

(d) 
$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{USB} + P_{LSB}}{P_T} = 19.68 \%$$

P#3 @  $y_1(t) = s^2(t)$

$$y_1(t) = [8 \cos(2\pi 1000t) \cos(2\pi 100t)]^2$$

$$y_1(t) = 64 \cos^2(2\pi 1000t) \cos^2(2\pi 100t)$$

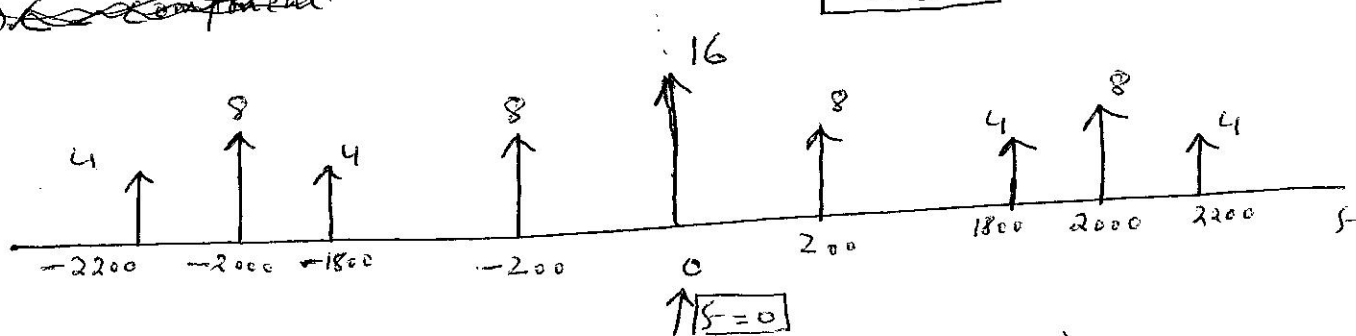
$$y_1(t) = \frac{64}{4} [1 + \cos(2\pi 2000t)] [1 + \cos(2\pi 200t)]$$

$$y_1(t) = 16 [1 + \cos(2\pi 2000t)\cos(2\pi 200t) + \cos(2\pi 2000t) + \cos(2\pi 200t)]$$

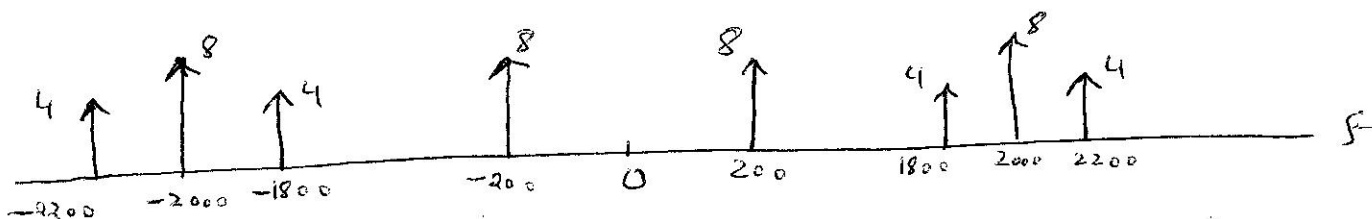
$$y_1(t) = 16 + 8 \cos(2\pi 2200t) + 8 \cos(1800t) + 16 \cos(2\pi 2000t) + 16 \cos(2\pi 200t)$$

~~Discrete component:~~

$Y_1(f)$



(b)  $y_2(t) = 8 \cos(2\pi 2200t) + 8 \cos(1800t) + 16 \cos(2\pi 2000t) + 16 \cos(2\pi 200t)$



$Y_2(f)$

~~$200 < f_{cutoff} < 1800$~~

(c)

