BCH 463 [Practical]

Designing PCR Primers using Primer3, UCSC in-Silico PCR and primer-BLAST

Primers are short sequences of single stranded DNA that mark both ends of the target sequence. Two primers are utilized, one for each of the complementary single strands of DNA released during denaturation. **The forward primer (LEFT)** attaches to the start codon of the template DNA (the anti-sense strand), while **the reverse primer (RIGHT)** attaches to the stop codon of the complementary strand of DNA (the sense strand). The 5' ends of both primers bind to the 3' end of each DNA strand.



Designing a primer and making sure that you have the right parameters for it is an important step in securing results. In order to achieve successful DNA amplification, it's important to start off with the right primer. *Here are some guidelines for designing your PCR primers:*

- ⇒ Aim for the GC content to be between 40 and 60% with the 3' of a primer ending in G or C to promote binding. This is known as a GC Clamp.
 - ✓ The G and C bases have stronger hydrogen bonding and *help with the stability of the primer*.
 - ✓ Be mindful not to have too many repeating G or C bases, as this can *cause primer-dimer* formation.

⇒ A good length for PCR primers is generally around 18-25 bases. Specificity usually is dependent on length and annealing temperature. The shorter the primers are, the more efficiently they will bind or anneal to the target.

- \checkmark Short primers \rightarrow can tend to find a similar sequence decreasing its specificity.
- ✓ Long primers → can tend to form more hydrogen bonds making it difficult to denature and anneal during PCR cycles.

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⇒ Try to make the melting temperature (Tm) of the primers between 50°C and 65°C, and the maximum difference between the Tm of two primers should be with in 2-5°C of each other. Because the Tm is dependent on the length, it's important to keep primers on the shorter end. The bases also impact the Tm, G and C result in higher melting temperatures than A and T. If the Tm of your primer is very low, try to find a sequence with more GC content, or extend the length of the primer a little.

 \checkmark Lower Tm \rightarrow can tend to bind to any similar sequence decreasing its specificity.

 \checkmark Higher Tm \rightarrow can tend to form loose bonds making it difficult to bind during PCR cycles.

⇒ Try to avoid regions of secondary structure and have a balanced distribution of GC-rich and ATrich domains.

- ✓ Avoid intra-primer homology (more than 3 bases that complement within the primer) or interprimer homology (forward and reverse primers having complementary sequences).
- ✓ Avoid runs of 4 or more of one base, or dinucleotide repeats (for example, ACCCC or ATATATAT).

→ These circumstances can lead to self-dimers or primer-dimers instead of annealing to the desired DNA sequences.

• Hairpin loop	5' GGGAAA 3' TATCTAGGACCTTA
 Self-complementar 	Y 5' GGGAAAATTCCAGGATCTAT 3' 3' TATCTAGGACCTTAAAAGGG 5'
Primer-dimer	Primer-primer dimers: 5' – TACTTATGCTAGATGGATATCAAGATCG–3' : : : : : 3' – TAAATCAGATGTAGCTATATCTAGCATATC–5' dG: –6.63 kcal mol ⁻¹
/v1/n3/fig_tab/nprot.2006.247_F2.html https://bioweb.uwk	x.edu/GenWeb/Malecular/seq_anal/primer_design/primer_design.htm

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Designing primers using Primer3Plus:

In this lab exercise you are asked to design a set of PCR primers that specifically anneal to human **tumor protein p53 gene (accession number NG_017013.2)**, To do so,

First, retrieve the DNA sequence of the human p53 gene and copy the full sequence from the GenBank record.

NCBI Nucleotide NG_007073			
	Homo sapiens glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH), RefSeqGene on chromosome 12		
	NCBI Reference Sequence: NG_007073.2 <u>GenBank Graphics</u> →NG_007073.2 Homo sapiens glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH), Ref5eqGene on chromosome 12		
	TCCTCATCTCCCCTTTCCTGCAGACAGGTCCTTCCTTCCATCATCACCAAGGACAGCAGACAGA		
	TTCCCGTCTCCTCTTATCCCCAGCTGGGTTGGCAACCAAATTGCCAGAGTGACCTAAGACCAGAGTCTTGCC TCCAGTTCTTTTTTATTACTCCCAAAAACACCAACCAAAGTGCCAGAGTGACCTAAGACCAGAGTTTGTT TTTAATAGTTTTTATTACTCCAAAAACCAACCAACCAAAGTGCAGAGAAATTGAGCAGAAAGTACAGGGAGTTC CCTTCTACCCCTTGCCCCTACACAGTCTTCAGGTCCAAAGGCAAAATTGAGCAGAAAGTACAGGGAGGTC CCTTCTACCCCTTGCCCCTACACATCCACGCCTTCCCCCACCTTCAACATCCTGCACCAGGGGGCACATT TGTTACAGCTGAACCTACACTTACAGACCTTCCCCAAAGTCAGGGTTTACCTTGGGCAGGCA		
	GTATCATTGGAATGATCCGGTATGGAGCCTTCTCACCTTGGCTTCTTAGTAATGTGCGTTTAAGGCCTCC ATGTCTTCCATGGCCTTGTTTCTTTTTAATCAGAAGTAACTGTTTCAGGCCTGCTGCTCTGAATCTCCTTTT CTCCCTCCAGGCTATATATGAGTAGTTATGGCCAGAGCTTCGGCCTGTCATACCAGAGGTTTGGATGGA		
	AGAAACCCAAAGTTGTCTTCTCAAGTGATGAGGAGGCGGGGGGGAGGATGATGATGATGCCCCGGGGGCCTGTTCCCG GCCGAGAAGGCACAACAGCTAGGGTGCAGAGGGCTGGCTTCCATAGGACCTGCGCGGGGGCCTGAGTGTA GATGCTCTGCCCCACAGGCGGCGCGCCTCCCCTGTACAGCTTGGATTTTATTTCTTCGGCGGGGGG GGGATTGCTCACTGCCGCAGAAGGGCCCTCCCCGTACAGCCTGGATGACCAGAGCAGAGCGGCGGGGGG GGGATTGCTCACTGCCGCAGGAGAGAGCAGAAGACGAAGACGAGAGCAGAAACAAC		

Then open Primer3Plus (<u>http://primer3plus.com/cgi-bin/dev/primer3plus.cgi</u>) and follow the steps below:

- 1. Paste the desired DNA sequence in the sequence box.
- 2. Set the range of the expected PCR product length, go to Product Size Ranges and type 300-500.
- 3. Adjust the primer size, primer Tm and primer GC% according to the guidelines detailed in this manual.
- 4. Then finally, click Pick Primers.

 \rightarrow The results will appear to you as the program nominates different pairs of primers.

Nora Aljebrin – Emtenan Alkhudair



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Primer-BLAST:

There are two primary function for primer-BLAST: Designing new primers and checking the specificity of the designed primers.

1) How to design primers using primer-BLAST

Finding primers specific to your PCR template (using Primer3 and BLAST). Pinners for target on one template PCR Template Reset page Sect primers Range Ceter Range Ceter ACTGA/GGGGA/AGGCACAGCCCAAGCCCCA/AGGCAGGA/AGGCACCCC/AACTGT CCCCA/GAATGGG/GA/AGGCACCCA/GCCCCA/GACACCCCA/GA/AGGCA/GA/CCCC/AACTGT CCCCA/GAATGGG/GA/AGGCACCCCA/GCCCCA/GACACCCCA/GA/GA/GA/GCCCA/ACTGT COr, upload FASTA file Choose File No rup ologe Fasta file Primer melting temperature No rup ologe Fasta file No rup ologe Fasta file No rup ologe Fasta file Choose File No rup ologe Fasta file No rup ologe Fasta file No ru
Primers for target on one template PCR Template Enter accession, gl, or FASTA sequence (A refseq record is proferred)
PCR Template Reset page Save search parameters Retrieve recent results Publication Tips Enter accession, gl, or FASTA sequence (A refseq record is preferred) @ Clear Range @ clear ATTITIAACATGEGGCAAGACAACCCACCGGTGAAGCAGGAGGCCCCAACTOT From To CCCCAGAATGGTAGCAGGACACCCCCAGAGCACCCCAGAGACCCCCAGAGAGCCCAGA Froward primer ACTGAGGGAGGAACGACCCCCCAGTCCCCA AAGCCTGAGGAGGAGCGCCCCAGTCCCCA Or, upload FASTA file Choose File no file selected Primer Parameters Use my own forward primer @ clear (5'>3' on files strand) Boo Boo go PCR product size # of primers to return 10 Min Primer melting temperatures 0 o. 0 o. 0 o. 5 . 0 (Trm) No preference (Trm) Win S' match Exon/Intron selection A refseq mRNA sequence as PCR template input is required for options in the section @ Exon/Intron selection A refseq mRNA sequence as PCR template input is required for options in the section @ Exon/Intron selection A refseq mRNA sequence as PCR template input is required for options in the section @ Exon/Intron selection A refseq mRNA sequence as primer or 3' side of the junction @ Intron inclusion Primer pair must be separated by at least one intron on the corresponding genomic DNA @
Enter accession, gl, or FASTA sequence (A refseq record is preferred) @ Clear ATTTTAAAGATGGGGCAGACACCCCCGCGTGAAGGCAGGC
Primer Parameters Use my own forward primer (5'->3' on plus strand) Use my own reverse primer (5'->3' on minus strand) PCR product size # of primers to return Description Primer melting temperatures 0
Primer Paraliteurs Use my own forward primer (5'-3' on plus strand) Use my own reverse primer (5'-3' on minus strand) PCR product size # of primers to return Primer melting temperatures 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 500 600 <t< td=""></t<>
(Tm) Exon/intron selection Exon/intron selection A refseq mRNA sequence as PCR template input is required for options in the section (a) Exon junction span No preference Exon junction match Min 5' match Min 5' match Max 3' match 7 4 8 Minimal and maximal number of bases that must anneal to exons at the 5' or 3' side of the junction (a) Intron inclusion Primer pair must be separated by at least one infrom on the corresponding genomic DNA (a)
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Minimal and maximal number of bases that must anneal to exons at the 5' or 3' side of the junction Intron inclusion Primer pair must be separated by at least one intron on the corresponding genomic DNA Cet Primers 3
Get Primers 3
Intron length range Min Max
Input PCR template Icl/Query_1 An any primer's specific to your i on template (asing i miler on a characteristic day) Your PCR template is highly similar to the following sequence(s) from the search database. To increase the chance of finding specific primers, please review the list below and select all sequences (within the diven sequence ranges) that are intended or allowed targets.
Select: All None Selected: 1
Accession 4Title Identity Alignment length Seq. start Seq. stop
CONC 007073.2 Homo sapiens glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH), RefSeqGene on chromosome 12 100% 10880 1 10880 CONCREDE 10 Homo sapiens 12 PAC RP5-94(L)5 (Roswell Park Cancer Institute Human PAC Library) comolele sequence 100% 10880 100% 10880 100% 10880
Input PCR template Bage bill(Qury_1 1 : 0.080 Specificity of primer 1 : 0.080 Other report > beach Banney O Graphical view of primer pairs > 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0 * 0
You can re-search for specific primers by accepting some of the unintended targets, check the box(es) next to the ones you accept and by again to re-search for specific primers. Some if the Primer pair 1
Sequence (5'x3') Template strand Length Start

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product length = 306 Forward primer 1 AAACAGCCTTGCTTGCTTCG 20

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2) How to check primer specificity using primer-BLAST

- Enter your designed primer sequences.
- Adjust the PCR product size and melting temperatures accordingly.
- Change the data base to (nr) \rightarrow since your primers are DNA-specific
 - If it was mRNA specific then the chosen database would be (Refseq mRNA)
- Choose the organism of interest \rightarrow Homo sapiens
- Finally, Get Primers

Primer Parameters	
Use my own forward primer (5'->3' on plus strand) Use my own reverse primer (5'->3' on minus strand)	Clear Clear
PCR product size	Min Max 70 1000
# of primers to return	10
Primer melting temperatures (Tm)	Min Opt Max Max Tm difference 57.0 60.0 63.0 3 4
Primer Pair Specificity Che	ecking Parameters
Specificity check	Z Enable search for primer pairs specific to the intended PCR template 🕢
Search mode	Automatic 💙 😡
Database	nr v
Exclusion	🗆 Exclude predicted Refseq transcripts (accession with XM, XR prefix) 🗆 Exclude uncultured/environmental sample sequences 😡
Organism	Homo sapiens
Interpretation of the	Primer BLAST Primer BLAST If Prever BLAST Interveloped and the selected database: Nucleotide collection (vt) (Organism limited to Homo sapiens) Other reports > Sasca Burnay Primer pair 1 Primer information Sequence (8-57) Length Tm GCX Ferward primer GTGGACGCCCCTITGTTG Sequence (8-57) Length Tm GCX Ferward primer GTGGACGCCCCTITGTTG Sequence (8-57) Length Tm GCX Ferward primer GTGGACGCCCCTITGTTG Sequence (8-57) Length Tm GCX Sequence (8-50) Length Tm GCX Sequence (8-51) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Length Tm GCX Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequence (8-52) Sequ
	Fromad primer 1 GTGGACGCCCTTTGTTG 18 Template 3146 Reverse primer 147 Reverse primer 146 Reverse primer 146 Reverse primer 1314 - Predicted PCR product - Predicted positions between each primer and template

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Checking primers specificity using UCSC in-Silico PCR



Note: The **reverse primer** is complementary to the sense strand and pointing back toward the **forward primer** at the anti-sense strand. But if your reverse primer sequence is from the same strand, then *Flip Reverse Primer checkbox*—must be checked this will reverse complement the sequence of your reverse primer.

→ Primers designed by primer3plus and primer-BLAST <u>are already flipped</u>, both forward and reverse primers are shown in 5' to 3' direction. Hence, <u>no need to check the Flip Reverse Primer checkbox</u>

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