

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

140 micro

## Lab 3: Culture Media



# Microorganisms need food to grow

- ◆ Primary ingredients required by all living organisms include:
  - a carbon source, water, minerals, and a nitrogen source.
- ◆ These nutrients together make a **media**.
- ◆ Different microbes need different amounts of these nutrients.



# TYPES OF CULTURE MEDIA :

- Culture media can be classified according to:

A - Physical state  
( consistency ) of  
the media

B. According to  
the use of media

# A- Types of culture media based on the physical state



- **Liquid medium:**

- Without agar.
- for the proliferation of bacteria.

- **Solid medium:**

- 1.5-2.5% agar.
- for the isolation and identification of bacteria
- e.g., slant, Petri dishes/plates.

- **Semisolid medium:**

- 0.3-0.5% agar.
- for the observation of bacterial motility and preservation of bacteria.



# B- Types of culture media According to the use of media

## 1) Simple or basal media:

e.g. **Nutrient Agar** and **Nutrient Broth**.

They are used for the cultivation of common microorganism

## 2) special-purpose media:

e.g. enriched, selective, differential, transport, sensitivity test, etc...

**ENRICHED MEDIA** :- Simple media enriched with appropriate substance ,e.g. Blood ,glucose ,serum and ascetic fluid ,most commonly used to cultivate fastidious microorganism like streptococci.

# Culture Media for Bacteria:

## Nutrient Agar :

- ◆ A complex medium for the growth of heterotrophic bacteria :
- ◆ Components:
  - Pepton 5g
  - Beef extract 3g
  - Sodium chloride 8g
  - Agar 15g
  - Water 1 liter

# Culture Media for Fungi:

## 1- Potato Dextrose Agar (PDA):

- ◆ It is a general purpose media for isolation of fungi and molds.
- ◆ Components:
  - Potatoes 200g
  - Agar 15-20g
  - Dextrose 15g
  - Distilled Water 1000ml

# Culture Media for Fungi:

## 2-Malt Extract Agar (MEA):

### Components:

- ◆ -Malt Extract 20g
  - ◆ - Agar 20g
  - ◆ - Glucose 20g
  - ◆ - Sucrose 200g
  - ◆ - Distilled Water 1000ml



# Aim

To prepare solid and Liquid media



# Requirement

1) Different media :

Nutrient broth - Nutrient agar - PDA/malt extract



# Requirement

2- Balance

3- Distil water

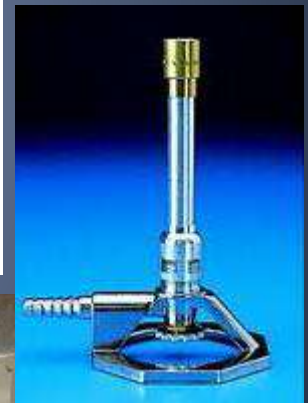
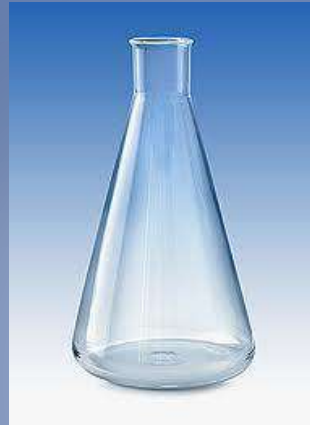
5- Test tubes

6- Petri plates

7- Flasks

7- Burners

8- Autoclave



# Procedure

1- Weigh

2- Dissolve

3- Sterilize

4- cool

5- refrigerate  
till use



# 1- Weigh





## 2- Dissolve



### 3- Sterilize



4- cool

5- refrigerate  
till use





# Who to make .....



# Pouring of Solid media

## - Petri plates :

- ◆ Remove the lid slightly
- ◆ Pour the media near bunsen burner
- ◆ Invert the plate
- ◆ Write date and time on the sides of plates





# In tubes

## - Making of Slants:

- ◆ After boiling, pour media in test tubes
- ◆ Autoclave
- ◆ Place in **slant** position till the media solidifies.



## - Agar deep tube :

- ◆ After boiling, pour media in test tubes
- ◆ Autoclave
- ◆ Place in **vertical** position till the media solidifies.

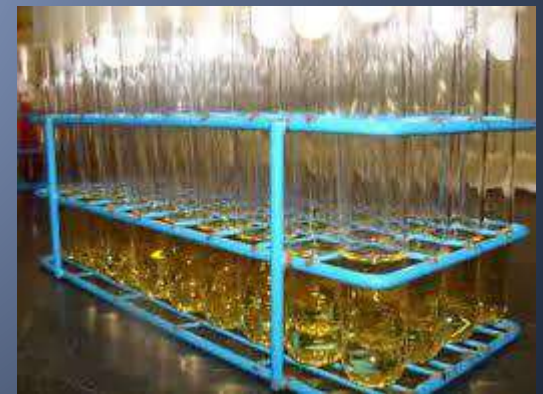




**Slant agar - Deep agar**

## -Making of test tubes with broth media :

- ◆ Place the test tube near a burner and remove the cap
- ◆ Pour the media in the tube and close the cap at once
- ◆ Place the tube in upright position in the test tube stand.





# Vidio

<https://youtu.be/cneascR3OEc>



# Thank you ....

