

# CHEM 101 SYLLABUS

Text book: Raymond Chang, Chemistry, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, 2010

Topics	Text book pages	Number of Lecture
<b><i>Matter and Measurements</i></b>		
1.4 Classifications of Matter: substances and mixtures, elements and compounds. <i>How to right symbols of Elements (the table and the explanation (P 12)</i>		
1.5 The Three States of Matter	10 - 22	4
1.6 Physical and Chemical properties of Matter: intensive and extensive properties	27- 31	
1.7 Measurement: SI units, mass and weight, volume, density, temperature scales		
1.9 Dimensional Analysis in Solving Problems: conversion factors, a note on problem solving		
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		
<b><i>Atoms, Molecules and Ions</i></b>		
2.2 The Structure of the Atoms: the electron, the proton and the neutron. <i>only definitions, masses, and charges</i> [Radioactivity is excluded]		5
2.3 Atomic Number, Mass Number and Isotopes	43 - 54	
2.4 The Periodic Table <i>Periods and groups 1 to 18 - Metals and nonmetals - Alkaline, alkaline earth, halogens, and noble gases.</i>		
2.5 Molecules and Ions: molecules, ions. <i>Diatomic molecules and polyatomic molecules - Homonuclear monatomic molecules, homonuclear multiatomic molecules, and heteronuclear molecules (= Covalent compounds) - Ions (monatomic ions and polyatomic ions)</i>	59 - 68	
2.7 Naming Compounds: ionic compound, molecular compound, acids and bases, familiar inorganic compound		
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		
<b><i>Quantum Theory and the Electronic Structure of Atoms</i></b>		
7.6 Quantum numbers. 7.7 Atomic Orbitals. 7.8 Electron Configuration.	294 - 307	3
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		
<b><i>Periodic Relationships Among the Elements</i></b>		
8.2 Periodic Classification of the elements. 8.3 Periodic Variation in Physical Properties (only atomic radius). 8.4 Ionization Energy. 8.5 Electron Affinity. (sections 8.4 and 8.5 can be confined only in properties without more details)	326 – 332  337 - 343	3
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		

<b><i>Stoichiometry and Chemical Equations</i></b>		
<b>3.1</b> Atomic Mass: average atomic mass <b>3.2</b> Avogadro's Number and the Molar Mass of an Element <b>3.3</b> Molecular Mass <b>3.5</b> Percent Composition of Compounds <b>3.6</b> Experimental Determination of Empirical Formulas: determination of molecular formulas <b>3.7</b> Chemical Reactions and Chemical Equations: writing chemical equations, balancing chemical equations <b>3.8</b> Amounts of reactants and products <b>3.9</b> Limiting Reagents <b>3.10</b> Reaction Yield	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>80 – 87</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>88 – 107</b></p>	<b>6</b>
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>  <b><i>Mid Term Exam ( 30 Marks )</i></b>		
<b><i>Gases</i></b>		
<b>5.1</b> Substances That Exist as Gases <b>5.2</b> Pressure of a Gas: SI units of pressure, atmospheric pressure. <u>[Manometer is excluded]</u> <b>5.3</b> The Gas Laws: the pressure-volume relationship: Boyle's Law, the temperature-volume relationship: Charles's and Gay-Lussac's law, the volume-amount relationship: Avogadro's Law <b>5.4</b> The Ideal Gas Equation: density calculation, the molar mass of a gaseous substance <b>5.5</b> Gas Stoichiometry <b>5.6</b> Dalton's law of Partial Pressures <b>5.7</b> The Kinetic Molecular Theory of Gases <b>5.8</b> Deviation from Ideal Behavior	<b>174 - 213</b>	<b>7</b>
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		
<b><i>Thermochemistry</i></b>		
<b>6.3</b> Introduction to Thermodynamics: the first law of thermodynamics, work and heat <b>6.4</b> Enthalpy of Chemical Reactions: enthalpy of reactions, thermochemical equations, a comparison of $\Delta H$ and $\Delta E$ . <b>6.5</b> Calorimetry: <b>Only</b> specific heat and heat capacity <b>6.6</b> Standard Enthalpy of Formation and Reaction: the direct method, the indirect method. <i>The direct method (use of enthalpies of formation to calculate enthalpies of other reaction). The indirect method (Hess's law and its use to calculate enthalpies of other reaction)</i>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>233 - 238</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>241 - 246</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>252 - 258</b></p>	<b>5</b>
<b><i>Review and Exercises</i></b>		
<b><i>Solutions</i></b>		
<b>12.1</b> Types of Solutions <u>[Supersaturated solution is excluded]</u> <b>12.2</b> A Molecular View of the Solution Process <b>4.5</b> Concentration of solution <b>12.3</b> Concentration Units: types of concentration units, comparison of concentration units <i>Molarity and dilution of solutions, Percent by mass, mole fraction, molarity</i> <b>12.4</b> The Effect of Temperature on Solubility: solid solubility and temperature, gas solubility and temperature <u>[Fractional crystallization is excluded]</u>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>514, 515</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>147 – 150</b> <b>517 - 521</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>521 - 525</b></p>	<b>7</b>

<b>12.5</b> The Effect of Pressure on the Solubility of Gases <b>12.6</b> Colligative Properties of Nonelectrolyte Solutions: vapor-pressure lowering (Raoult's Law), boiling-point elevation, freezing-point depression, osmotic pressure, using colligative properties to determine molar mass <u>[Fractional distillation is excluded]</u>	<b>527, 528</b> <b>530 - 538</b>	
<i>Review and Exercises</i>		
<b>TOTAL HOURS</b>		<b>42</b>

## Practical ( 30 Marks )

**1.8** Handling Numbers: scientific notation, significant figures, accuracy and precision

p22-27

<b>Mid Term Exam:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>Practical</b>	<b>: 30 Marks</b>
<b>Final Exam</b>	<b>: 40 Marks</b>