

College of Science. Department of Mathematics

Final Exam Academic Year 1445 Hijri- First Semester

معلومات الامتحان Exam Information							
Course name	280		اسم المقرر				
Course Code	Math		رمز المقرر				
Exam Date	2023-12-26	1445-06-15	تاريخ الامتحان				
Exam Time	08: 00 AM		وقت الامتحان				
Exam Duration	3 hours	ثلاث ساعات	مدة الامتحان				
Classroom No.		رقم قاعة الاختبار					
Instructor Name	Dr. Haifa Bin Jebreen		اسم استاذ المقرر				

معلومات الطالب Student Information				
Student's Name	اسم الطالب			
ID number	الرقم الجامعي			
Section No.	رقم الشعبة			
Serial Number	الرقم التسلسلي			

General Instructions:

عليمات عامة:

• Your Exam consists of this paper)

PAGES (except

- عدد صفحات الامتحان 2 صفحة. (بإستثناء هذه الورقة) يجب إبقاء الهواتف والساعات الذكية خارج قاعة الامتحان.
- Keep your mobile and smart watch out of the classroom.
- پجب ببعاء الهوالف و الشاعات اللحية خارج فاعه الا متحال.

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هذا الجزء خاص بأستاذ المادة This section is ONLY for instructor

#	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Related Question (s)	Points	Final Score
1	1.1 Explain fundamental concepts of real Analysis.	Q1		
2	1.2 Describe some properties of functions.	Q5(2)		
3	2.1 Models problems with functions	Q4,Q5(1)		
4	2.2 Solve problems of convergence, limit, continuity and differentiability.	Q2,Q3,Q5(3) Q6		
5				
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8				

- 1. Prove that for every real number, there exists an integer n such that $n-1 \le x < n$. Find such n if $x = -\frac{17}{5}$.

 2. Determine $\sup(A)$ and $\inf(A)$ where $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 9 < 0\}$, and justify your
- answer.

Question 2 [4+4]

Use the definition of the limit to find the following if they exists. 1. $\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{n^3}{2n^4+1}$. 2. $\lim_{n\to\infty}c^{\frac{1}{n}}$, where c>1. 3. $\lim_{n\to\infty}na^n=0$, where 0< a<1.

Discuss the convergence of the following series: (i) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sqrt{n}}{n^2+1}$ (ii) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n n!}{n^n}$

- 1. Find the following limits, if they exist, and prove using the definition of the limit or sequence characterization: a) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x^2}{|x|}$ (b) $\lim_{x\to \infty} \frac{x^2}{e^x}$.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \end{cases}$$

Prove that f is differentiable at x = 0, and evaluate f'(0).

1. Determine a real interval of length $\frac{1}{2}$ where the equation

$$x^3 - 6x^2 + \frac{5}{2} = 0,$$

has a solution. Justify your answer.

2. Prove that if f is continuous on [a, b] and has zero derivative on (a, b), then f is constant.

3.Use Taylor's theorem with n=3 and $x_0=0$ to obtain a suitable approximation of the function $f(x)=\sqrt{1-x}$ by a polynomial of degree 3.

Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \cap [-2, 2] \\ -1 \text{ if } x \in \mathbb{Q}^c \cap [-2, 2] \end{cases}$$

- i) Find the upper and the lower integral of f over [-2,2] .
- ii) Is f integrable on [-2,2]? justify your answer.
- iii) Is |f| integrable on [-2,2]? justify your answer.