

Second Midterm Exam  
Academic Year 1446 Hijri- Second Semester

Exam Information معلومات الامتحان		
Course name	Introduction to real analysis	
Course Code	280 Math	
Exam Date	2025-04-16	1446-10-18
Exam Time	08: 00 AM	
Exam Duration	2 hours	ساعتان
Classroom No.	G009	
Instructor Name	Prof. Haifa Bin Jebreen	

Student Information معلومات الطالب		
Student's Name		اسم الطالب
ID number		الرقم الجامعي
Section No.		رقم الشعبة
Serial Number		الرقم التسلسلي

**General Instructions:**

- Your Exam consists of 6 PAGES (except this paper)
- Keep your mobile and smart watch out of the classroom.
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- عدد صفحات الامتحان 6 صفحة. (باستثناء هذه الورقة)
- يجب إبقاء الهواتف والساعات الذكية خارج قاعة الامتحان.
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هذا الجزء خاص بأستاذ المادة

*This section is ONLY for instructor*

#	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Related Question (s)	Points	Final Score
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				

Question number	I	II	III	IV	Total
Mark					

**Question I:**

- (a) Prove that the Harmonic series  $\sum_n \frac{1}{n}$  is divergent using the definition of convergence of a series.
- (b) Discuss the convergence of  $\sum_{n \geq 3} \frac{\ln n}{n}$ . (You can use (a))
- (c) Is  $\sum_{n \geq 3} \frac{(-1)^n \ln n}{n}$  conditionally convergent? Justify your answer.

**Question II:**

- (a) Test the series  $\sum_n \frac{3^n n!}{n^n}$  for convergence
- (b) Prove that if  $\sum_n x_n$  is convergent then  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = 0$ .
- (c) Is the converse of (b) true? Justify your answer.

**Question III:**

(a) Find the following limits if they exist.

(i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$

(ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x}$

(b) Use the intermediate value theorem to find an open interval in which the equation

$$x^3 - 5x = 4$$

has a solution

**Question IV:**

(a) Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{x^2}, & x \neq 0 \\ 2, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

- (i) Study the continuity of  $f$  on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- (ii) Are the discontinuities, if they exist, removable? Explain your answer.

(b) Prove that  $f(x) = \operatorname{sgn} x$  is uniformly continuous on  $(0, \infty)$ .