

Answer all questions.

Q1: 8 pts [4+4]

- (a) An insurance policy is written to cover a loss X , where X has a uniform distribution on $[0, 2000]$. At what level must a deductible be set in order for the expected payment to be 25% of what it would be with no deductible?
- (b) A loss random variable has density function $f(x) = 1 - x$, for $0 \leq x \leq 1$. At what level should a policy limit be set so that the expected insurer payment is one-half of the overall expected loss?

Hint: recall the quadratic solution formula $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ for $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$.

Q2: 4 pts [2+2]

- (a) A Markov chain X_0, X_1, X_2, \dots on states 0, 1, 2 has the transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{array}{c|ccc} & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 0.5 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 1 & 0.5 & 0.1 & 0.4 \\ 2 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{array}$$

and initial distributions $p_0 = Pr\{X_0 = 0\} = 0.3$, $p_1 = Pr\{X_0 = 1\} = 0.3$, and $p_2 = Pr\{X_0 = 2\} = 0.3$. Determine $Pr\{X_0 = 1, X_1 = 0, X_2 = 2\}$.

- (b) Let X_n denote the quality of the n^{th} item produced by a production system with $X_n = 0$ meaning “good” and $X_n = 1$ meaning “defective”. Suppose that X_n evolves as a Markov chain whose transition probability matrix is:

$$P = \begin{array}{c|cc} & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0.4 & 0.6 \\ 1 & 0.7 & 0.3 \end{array}$$

What is the probability that the fifth item is defective given that the first item is good?

Q3: 10 pts [6+4]

(a) An airline reservation system has two computers, only one of which is in operation at any given time. A computer may break down on any given day with probability **0.3**. It takes 2 days to restore a computer to normal. There is a **duplicate** repair facility so that both computers can be repaired at the same time. Form a Markov chain by taking states as the pairs (x, y) , where x is the number of machines in operating condition at the end of a day, and y is 1 if a day's labour has been expended on a machine not yet repaired, and 0 otherwise.

- (i) Find the transition probability matrix.
- (ii) Find the probability in the long run that neither computer is operating.
- (iii) What is the availability that at least one computer is operating in the long run?

(b) Find the mean time to reach state 3 starting from state 0 for the Markov chain whose transition probability matrix is:

$$P = \begin{array}{c|cccc} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline 0 & | 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.1 & 0.2 \\ 1 & | 0 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.7 \\ 2 & | 0 & 0 & 0.1 & 0.9 \\ 3 & | 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

Q4: 9 pts [5+4]

(a) Suppose that customers arrive at a facility according to a Poisson process having rate $\lambda = 3$. Let $X(t)$ be the number of customers that have arrived up to time t . Determine the following probabilities:

- (i) $Pr\{X(2) = 3\}$.
- (ii) $Pr\{X(2) = 3 \text{ and } X(4) = 7\}$.
- (iii) $Pr\{X(4) = 7 \mid X(2) = 3\}$.

(b) A pure birth process starting from $X(0) = 0$ has birth parameters $\lambda_0 = 2, \lambda_1 = 4, \lambda_2 = 3$ and $\lambda_3 = 6$. Determine $P_n(t)$ for $n = 0, 1, 2$.

Q5: 9 pts [2+3+4]

(a) For a Brownian motion $B(t)$, evaluate $Pr\{B(8) \leq 6 \mid B(0) = 2\}$.

(b) For a Brownian motion $B(t)$ with $B(0) = 0$ and for any $s, t > 0$, show that
 $Cov[B(t), B(s)] = \min(t, s)$.

(c) Define a martingale for a continuous time process, and show that if $B(t)$ is a Brownian motion , then the process:

$$X(t) = B^2(t) - t$$

is a martingale.

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION TABLE

Entries represent the area under the standardized normal distribution from $-\infty$ to z , $\Pr(Z < z)$

The value of z to the first decimal is given in the left column. The second decimal place is given in the top row.

| z | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.09 |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0.0 | 0.5000 | 0.5040 | 0.5080 | 0.5120 | 0.5160 | 0.5199 | 0.5239 | 0.5279 | 0.5319 | 0.5359 |
| 0.1 | 0.5398 | 0.5438 | 0.5478 | 0.5517 | 0.5557 | 0.5596 | 0.5636 | 0.5675 | 0.5714 | 0.5753 |
| 0.2 | 0.5793 | 0.5832 | 0.5871 | 0.5910 | 0.5948 | 0.5987 | 0.6026 | 0.6064 | 0.6103 | 0.6141 |
| 0.3 | 0.6179 | 0.6217 | 0.6255 | 0.6293 | 0.6331 | 0.6368 | 0.6406 | 0.6443 | 0.6480 | 0.6517 |
| 0.4 | 0.6554 | 0.6591 | 0.6628 | 0.6664 | 0.6700 | 0.6738 | 0.6772 | 0.6808 | 0.6844 | 0.6879 |
| 0.5 | 0.6915 | 0.6950 | 0.6985 | 0.7019 | 0.7054 | 0.7088 | 0.7123 | 0.7157 | 0.7190 | 0.7224 |
| 0.6 | 0.7257 | 0.7291 | 0.7324 | 0.7357 | 0.7389 | 0.7422 | 0.7454 | 0.7486 | 0.7517 | 0.7549 |
| 0.7 | 0.7580 | 0.7611 | 0.7642 | 0.7673 | 0.7704 | 0.7734 | 0.7764 | 0.7794 | 0.7823 | 0.7852 |
| 0.8 | 0.7881 | 0.7910 | 0.7939 | 0.7967 | 0.7995 | 0.8023 | 0.8051 | 0.8078 | 0.8106 | 0.8133 |
| 0.9 | 0.8159 | 0.8186 | 0.8212 | 0.8238 | 0.8264 | 0.8289 | 0.8315 | 0.8340 | 0.8365 | 0.8389 |
| 1.0 | 0.8413 | 0.8438 | 0.8461 | 0.8486 | 0.8508 | 0.8531 | 0.8554 | 0.8577 | 0.8599 | 0.8621 |
| 1.1 | 0.8643 | 0.8665 | 0.8686 | 0.8708 | 0.8729 | 0.8749 | 0.8770 | 0.8790 | 0.8810 | 0.8830 |
| 1.2 | 0.8849 | 0.8869 | 0.8888 | 0.8907 | 0.8925 | 0.8944 | 0.8962 | 0.8980 | 0.8997 | 0.9015 |
| 1.3 | 0.9032 | 0.9049 | 0.9066 | 0.9082 | 0.9099 | 0.9115 | 0.9131 | 0.9147 | 0.9162 | 0.9177 |
| 1.4 | 0.9192 | 0.9207 | 0.9222 | 0.9236 | 0.9251 | 0.9265 | 0.9279 | 0.9292 | 0.9306 | 0.9319 |
| 1.5 | 0.9332 | 0.9345 | 0.9357 | 0.9370 | 0.9382 | 0.9394 | 0.9406 | 0.9418 | 0.9429 | 0.9441 |
| 1.6 | 0.9452 | 0.9463 | 0.9474 | 0.9484 | 0.9495 | 0.9505 | 0.9515 | 0.9525 | 0.9535 | 0.9545 |
| 1.7 | 0.9554 | 0.9564 | 0.9573 | 0.9582 | 0.9591 | 0.9599 | 0.9608 | 0.9616 | 0.9625 | 0.9633 |
| 1.8 | 0.9641 | 0.9649 | 0.9656 | 0.9664 | 0.9671 | 0.9678 | 0.9686 | 0.9693 | 0.9699 | 0.9706 |
| 1.9 | 0.9713 | 0.9719 | 0.9726 | 0.9732 | 0.9738 | 0.9744 | 0.9750 | 0.9756 | 0.9761 | 0.9767 |
| 2.0 | 0.9772 | 0.9778 | 0.9783 | 0.9788 | 0.9793 | 0.9798 | 0.9803 | 0.9808 | 0.9812 | 0.9817 |
| 2.1 | 0.9821 | 0.9826 | 0.9830 | 0.9834 | 0.9838 | 0.9842 | 0.9846 | 0.9850 | 0.9854 | 0.9857 |
| 2.2 | 0.9861 | 0.9864 | 0.9868 | 0.9871 | 0.9875 | 0.9878 | 0.9881 | 0.9884 | 0.9887 | 0.9890 |
| 2.3 | 0.9893 | 0.9896 | 0.9898 | 0.9901 | 0.9904 | 0.9906 | 0.9909 | 0.9911 | 0.9913 | 0.9916 |
| 2.4 | 0.9918 | 0.9920 | 0.9922 | 0.9925 | 0.9927 | 0.9929 | 0.9931 | 0.9932 | 0.9934 | 0.9936 |
| 2.5 | 0.9938 | 0.9940 | 0.9941 | 0.9943 | 0.9945 | 0.9946 | 0.9948 | 0.9949 | 0.9951 | 0.9952 |
| 2.6 | 0.9953 | 0.9955 | 0.9956 | 0.9957 | 0.9959 | 0.9960 | 0.9961 | 0.9962 | 0.9963 | 0.9964 |
| 2.7 | 0.9965 | 0.9966 | 0.9967 | 0.9968 | 0.9969 | 0.9970 | 0.9971 | 0.9972 | 0.9973 | 0.9974 |
| 2.8 | 0.9974 | 0.9975 | 0.9976 | 0.9977 | 0.9977 | 0.9978 | 0.9979 | 0.9979 | 0.9980 | 0.9981 |
| 2.9 | 0.9981 | 0.9982 | 0.9982 | 0.9983 | 0.9984 | 0.9984 | 0.9985 | 0.9985 | 0.9986 | 0.9986 |
| 3.0 | 0.9987 | 0.9987 | 0.9987 | 0.9988 | 0.9988 | 0.9989 | 0.9989 | 0.9989 | 0.9990 | 0.9990 |
| 3.1 | 0.9990 | 0.9991 | 0.9991 | 0.9991 | 0.9992 | 0.9992 | 0.9992 | 0.9992 | 0.9993 | 0.9993 |
| 3.2 | 0.9993 | 0.9993 | 0.9994 | 0.9994 | 0.9994 | 0.9994 | 0.9994 | 0.9995 | 0.9995 | 0.9995 |
| 3.3 | 0.9995 | 0.9995 | 0.9995 | 0.9996 | 0.9996 | 0.9996 | 0.9996 | 0.9996 | 0.9996 | 0.9997 |
| 3.4 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9998 |
| 3.5 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 |
| 3.6 | 0.9998 | 0.9998 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 |
| 3.7 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 |
| 3.8 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 | 0.9999 |
| 3.9 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

| Values of z for selected values of $\Pr(Z < z)$ | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| z | 0.842 | 1.036 | 1.282 | 1.645 | 1.960 | 2.326 |
| $\Pr(Z < z)$ | 0.800 | 0.850 | 0.900 | 0.950 | 0.975 | 0.990 |