

**Question 1:** Use the Gaussian elimination with partial pivoting to find the solution and the determinant of the matrix  $A$  of the following linear system [6 Marks]

$$\begin{array}{rrcr} x_1 & + & x_2 & + & x_3 & = & 0.5 \\ 2x_1 & - & 3x_2 & + & x_3 & = & -1 \\ -x_1 & - & 1.5x_2 & + & 2.5x_3 & = & -1 \end{array}$$

**Question 2:** Consider the following linear system  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , where [7 Marks]

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 4 & 1 \\ 2\alpha & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & \alpha \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Use LU decomposition by Dollittle's method to find the solution of the consistent system (Unique and infinitely many solutions).

**Question 3:** Consider the following linear system  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find the matrix form of Gauss-Seidel iterative method and compute number of iterations needed to get an accuracy within  $10^{-4}$ , using Gauss-Seidel iterative method and  $\mathbf{x}^{(0)} = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5]^T$ .

**Question 4:** Consider the following linear system:

$$\begin{array}{rrcr} x_1 & - & x_2 & + & x_3 & = & -2 \\ 2x_1 & + & x_2 & - & 2x_3 & = & 6 \\ 2x_1 & - & x_2 & - & x_3 & = & 1 \end{array}$$

If  $\hat{\mathbf{x}} = [1.01, 2.01, -0.98]^T$  is an approximate solution of the given system, then find the corresponding residual vector  $\mathbf{r}$  and estimate the relative error.