Final Examination

Math 106 Time: 3H Trimester II - 1444

Question 1: (2+2+3)

(i) If 
$$F(x) = \int_{x^2+1}^6 \cos \sqrt{t^2 + 1} dt$$
. Find  $F'(x)$ .

P. Compute 
$$\int \frac{dx}{x((\ln x)^2 + 9)}$$

8. Evaluate the integral 
$$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{1-x^6}}$$

Question 2:(3+3+3)

1. Find 
$$\lim_{x \longrightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x^2}$$
.

2. Compute the indefinite integral 
$$\int x^4 \ln x dx$$
.

**\$.** Evaluate 
$$\int (\sin x)^5 (\cos x)^6 dx$$
.

Question 3:(3+3+3)

1. Compute 
$$\int \frac{dx}{(16-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$
.

7. Evaluate 
$$\int \frac{x^2+1}{x^3-x} dx.$$

Midterm Exam

Math 106

January 2023

Question 1: (2+3+3+2+3+3)

1. Let 
$$F(x) = \int_{2x}^{x^2} \frac{dt}{1+t^4}$$
. Find  $F'(x)$ .

- 2. Use Trapezoid rule with n=4 to approximate the integral  $\int_0^4 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^3}}$ .
- 3. Find the number c that satisfies the conclusion of the mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$  on [-2,6].
- 4. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{x^2 e^{4x^3}}{1 + e^{4x^3}} dx$ .
- 5. Use logarithmic differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $y = x^{2x} \frac{(1+x^3)^{\frac{4}{3}}}{(3+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ .
- 6. Compute the integral  $\int \frac{x5^{x^2}}{1+5^{2x^2}}dx$ .

Question 2: (3+3+3+3+2)

- 1. Compute  $\int \frac{dx}{x \ln x \sqrt{(\ln x)^4 1}}, (x > e)$
- 2. Find the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{4-x^4}}$ , (0 < x < 2).
- 3. Evaluate the integral  $\int (1+\frac{1}{x}) \ln x dx$ .
- 4. Find  $\int (\tan x)^4 (\sec x)^4 dx$
- 5. Compute the integral  $\int \cos(6x)\cos(2x)dx$ .

First Examination Math 106 Semester I November 2021 Time: 2H

- 1. Use simpson's rule, with n=4, to approximate the integral  $\int_1^3 \sqrt{1+x^2} dx.$
- 2. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{(1-\frac{1}{x^2})^5}{x^3} dx$ .
- 3. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if  $y = \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt[3]{x+2} \cdot \sqrt[5]{x-1}$ .
- 4. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{(\sec x)^2}{\sqrt{4 (\tan x)^2}} dx$ .
- 5. Compute the integral  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{e^{2x}-1}}$ .
- 6. Find the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{1-x^5}}$ .
- 7. Compute  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\cos x 1 + \frac{x^2}{2}}{x^4}$ .
- 8. Integrate by parts twice to compute  $\int (\ln x)^2 dx$ .
- 9. Find  $\int (\tan x)^5 (\sec x)^3 dx$ .
- 10. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} dx$ .
- 11. Compute the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{x^2 + 8x + 10}{x^2 + 6x + 11} dx$ .

April 2022

Math 106 midterm(120mn)

#### Part 1[2+2+3+2+3+3+3]

- a) Use Trapezoid rule, with n=4 , to approximate  $\int_0^4 x^2 \sqrt{1+x^2} \, dx$
- b) Find the number  $\alpha$  so that  $\sum_{k=1}^{k=n} (2k + \alpha) = n^2$
- c) Find the number z that satisfies the mean value theorem for  $f(x) = 2 + 3x^2$  on [0,4]

d) If 
$$y = (2 + \sqrt{x})^{x^2}$$
, compute  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

- e) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{e^{5x}}{e^{10x}+16} dx$
- f) Find the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^6-4}}$
- g) Compute  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{9+(lnx)^2}}$

#### Part 2[3+3+3+3]

- a) Evaluate  $\int x \tan^{-1} x \, dx$
- b) Find  $\int (\sin x)^5 (\cos x)^4 dx$
- c) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{1}{(4-x^2)^{3/2}} dx$
- d) Compute the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{6x+6}{(x-4)(x+2)} dx$

Final Examination Math 106 Semester I - 1443 Time: 3H

Question 1:(2+2)

a) If 
$$F(x) = \int_{x^2}^{\sin x} \cosh t dt$$
, find  $F'(0)$ .

b) Find the number(s) z in the mean value theorem for  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  on [1,2].

Question 2:(3+3+3)

a) Evaluate 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3^{2x}-1}}.$$

b) Compute 
$$\int \frac{\cot x}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2 x}} dx.$$

c) Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0^+} x^{\sin x}$$
.

Question 3: (3+3+3)

a) Compute the integral 
$$\int x \tan^{-1} x dx$$
.

b) Evaluate 
$$\int \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^2}.$$

c) Find 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 8x + 25}}.$$

Question 4:(3+3+3)

- a) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{dx}{x^{\frac{1}{4}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ .
- b) Does the integral  $\int_2^{+\infty} \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^3}$  converge? Find its value if it does.
- c) Sketch the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2 + 1$ ,  $y = -x^2 + 1$ , x = 2 and find its area.

Question 5:(3+3+3)

- a) Find the volume obtained by revolving the region in the first quadrant bounded by  $y=4-x^2,\ y=0$  and x=0 about the y-axis.
- b) Find the surface area obtained by revolving the parametric curve  $x=t^3, y=2t+3, 0 \le t \le 1$ , about the y-axis.
- c) Sketch the region inside  $r = 1 + \cos \theta$  and outside  $r = 1 \cos \theta$  and find its area.

#### KING SAUD UNIVERSITY

#### **Math Department**

June 2022

Time: 180mn

### Final exam Math106

#### Question 1(2+3)

- a) Let  $F(x) = \int_2^{e^x} lnt dt$ . Find F'(1).
- b) Find the number(s) c that satisfies the conclusion of the mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+16}}$  on [0,3].

## Question 2(2+3+3)

- a) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{5^x dx}{5^{2x}+4}$
- b) Compute the integral  $\int \frac{x-3}{x\sqrt{x^2-25}} dx$
- c) Find the indefinite integral  $\int \sinh^{-1} x \, dx$

### Question 3(3+3+3)

- a) Find  $\lim_{x\to+\infty} (e^x + x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$
- b) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{\sqrt{9-x^2}}{x^2} dx$
- c) Compute  $\int \frac{9x^2-20x+10}{x^3-3x^2+2x} dx$

## Question 4(3+3+3)

a) Find 
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+5}}$$

- b) Does the integral  $\int_1^3 \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x-1}} dx$  converge? Find its value if it does.
- c) Sketch the region bounded by the curves  $x = y^2$  and  $x = 2 y^2$  and find its area.

## Question5(3+3+3)

- a) Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region bounded by  $y = 4 - x^2$  and y = 4 - 2x about the y-axis.
- b) Compute the arc length of the curve y = coshx,  $0 \le x \le 1$ .
- c) Sketch the region inside  $r=2sin\theta$  and outside  $r=2-2sin\theta$  and find its area.