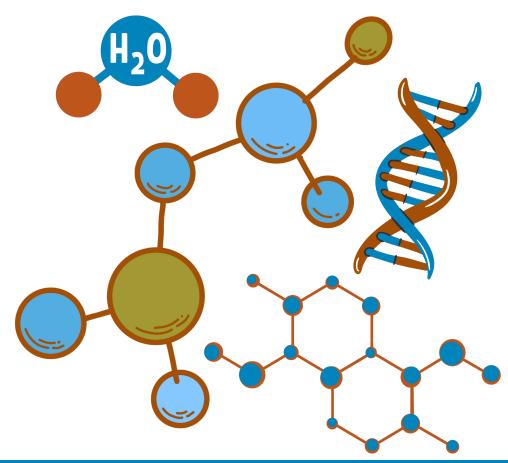
## **Introduction to Organic Chemistry CHEM 109**



## Chapter 0: Syllabus





#### **Course Title and General Information**

Course Code	<b>Course Title</b>	Program
CHEM 109		The Common First
	Introduction to	Year (Health track,
	Organic Chemistry	Applied Medical
		Sciences, Nursing)

Credit Hours	Department	College
3 (2 Lectures + 1 Practical)	Chemistry Department	Science





#### **Course Content Overview and Reference**

#### **Chapter 1**

#### **Introduction to Organic Chemistry**

This chapter covers the origin of carbon compounds and the development of organic chemistry, along with atomic structure, electron configuration, and molecular orbitals. It also includes chemical bonding, hybridization, molecular geometry, resonance, and electron delocalization.

#### **Chapter 2**

#### **Structure and Classification of Organic Compounds**

This chapter presents the structure and classification of hydrocarbons, including alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes, and aromatic compounds, along with types of isomerism and their stability. It also explains the structure and classification of oxygen- and nitrogen-containing functional groups such as alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, esters, amides, amines, and nitriles.

#### **Chapter 3**

#### **Nomenclature of Organic Compounds**

This chapter explains the nomenclature of hydrocarbons, including alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes, and aromatic compounds, using both IUPAC and common systems. It also covers the nomenclature of functional groups containing oxygen and nitrogen, such as alcohols, ethers, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, esters, amides, amines, and nitriles.





#### **Course Content Overview and Reference**

#### **Chapter 4**

#### **Physical Properties and Intermolecular Forces**

This chapter explains the physical properties of organic compounds such as boiling points, solubility, and acidity in relation to molecular structure and intermolecular forces. It also covers the physical properties of hydrocarbons, alcohols, ethers, carboxylic acids, and amines, including their polarity and basicity.

#### **Chapter 5**

#### **Organic Reactions**

This chapter explains the major classes of organic reactions, including acid-base, radical, elimination, electrophilic addition, aromatic substitution, nucleophilic substitution, oxidation-reduction, and functional group transformations. It highlights reaction mechanisms, reactivity patterns, and key examples across hydrocarbons, aromatic systems, and oxygen- and nitrogen-containing compounds.

#### Chapter 6

#### Biomolecules and Their Biological Relevance

This chapter covers the structure, reactions, and biological importance of carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, proteins, and nucleic acids. It explains their classifications, functional roles, and key biochemical processes such as metabolism, synthesis, and energy storage.

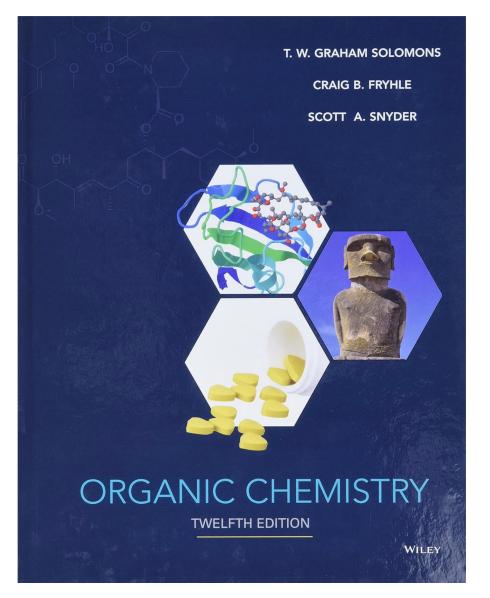


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#### **Reference**

#### Reference

Solomons, T. W. Graham, Fryhle, Craig B., & Snyder, Scott A. (2016). Organic Chemistry (12th ed.). Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. ISBN 978-1-118-87576-6.





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#### **Course Objectives**

Name organic compounds using IUPAC and common names

Recognize and apply
functional groups regarding
their properties, synthesis,
and transformations

Understand the occurrence of organic compounds in nature

Understand basic organic reactions for preparation and reactions

Learn about carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins, nucleic acids Acknowledge organic chemistry's role in understanding biochemistry principles.





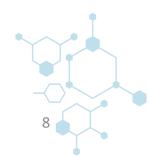
## **Course Learning Outcomes**

Knowledge	Skills	Values
<ul> <li>Identify and describe fundamental concepts of organic chemistry including the structure, bonding, and properties of organic molecules.</li> <li>Explain the reaction rules of key organic reactions such as substitution, addition, elimination, and rearrangement reaction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Apply organic chemistry principles and critical thinking to solve problems related to structure, nomenclature, preparation, and reactions of organic compounds.</li> <li>Conduct organic chemistry laboratory experiments safely and accurately, including the preparation, purification, and identification of organic compounds and reporting experimental results.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Demonstrate ethical conduct and responsibility in laboratory work, including proper waste disposal, and respect for laboratory rules, while effectively collaborating with peers in group activities.</li> </ul>



## **Assessment Methods and Weighting**

No.	Assessment Task	Points
1	1 <sup>st</sup> Midterm Exam	15
2	2 <sup>st</sup> Midterm Exam	15
3	Final Exam	40
4	Practical Exam	30
Total		100





### Regulations for Attendance, Absence, and Alternative Examinations

Item	Limit/Rule	
Semester Length	15 weeks (15 lectures)	
Allowed Absence	25% = max 4 lectures	
<b>Lecture Duration</b>	2 × 50 min per day (2 academic hours)	
Max Absence in Hours	8 academic hours (4 days)	
Absence Excuses	Submit via "Daam" Platform (Common First Year Deanship – KSU)	
Alternative Examination Regulations	<ol> <li>Student must not have taken the Primary Examination.</li> <li>Student must not be denied in the course.</li> <li>Request must be submitted to the Common First Year Deanship within one week of the Primary Examination date.</li> <li>Excuse must be official and government-approved.</li> <li>No alternative for an alternative examination.</li> </ol>	



Good Luck

