#### **4.2** EXERCISES

In Problems 1-12, find a general solution to the given differential equation.

3. 
$$y'' + 5y' + 6y = 0$$

In Problems 13-20, solve the given initial value problem.

17. 
$$y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$$
;  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 25/3$ 

For each of the following, determine whether the given three functions are linearly dependent or linearly independent on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ :

(a) 
$$y_1(t) = 1$$
,  $y_2(t) = t$ ,  $y_3(t) = t^2$ .

**(b)** 
$$y_1(t) = -3$$
,  $y_2(t) = 5\sin^2 t$ ,  $y_3(t) = \cos^2 t$ .

(c) 
$$y_1(t) = e^t$$
,  $y_2(t) = te^t$ ,  $y_3(t) = t^2e^t$ .

(d) 
$$y_1(t) = e^t$$
,  $y_2(t) = e^{-t}$ ,  $y_3(t) = \cosh t$ .

### 4.3 EXERCISES

In Problems 9–20, find a general solution.

13. 
$$y'' - 2y' + 26y = 0$$

**19.** 
$$y''' + y'' + 3y' - 5y = 0$$

In Problems 21–27, solve the given initial value problem.

27. 
$$y''' - 4y'' + 7y' - 6y = 0$$
;  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ ,  $y''(0) = 0$ 

Find a general solution to the following higher-order equations.

(a) 
$$y''' - y'' + y' + 3y = 0$$

**(b)** 
$$y''' + 2y'' + 5y' - 26y = 0$$

(c) 
$$y^{iv} + 13y'' + 36y = 0$$

### 4.4 EXERCISES

In Problems 9–26, find a particular solution to the differential equation.

13. 
$$y'' - y' + 9y = 3 \sin 3t$$

15. 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = xe^x$$

**19.** 
$$4y'' + 11y' - 3y = -2te^{-3t}$$

25. 
$$y'' + 2y' + 4y = 111e^{2t}\cos 3t$$

In Problems 33–36, use the method of undetermined coefficients to find a particular solution to the given higher-order equation.

33. 
$$y''' - y'' + y = \sin t$$

35. 
$$y''' + y'' - 2y = te^t$$

# 4.5 EXERCISES

In Problems 31–36, determine the form of a particular solution for the differential equation. Do not solve.

31. 
$$y'' + y = \sin t + t \cos t + 10^t$$

33. 
$$x'' - x' - 2x = e^t \cos t - t^2 + \cos^3 t$$

35. 
$$y'' - 4y' + 5y = e^{5t} + t \sin 3t - \cos 3t$$

In Problems 37-40, find a particular solution to the given higher-order equation.

**39.** 
$$y''' + y'' - 2y = te^t + 1$$

## **4.6** EXERCISES

In Problems 1–8, find a general solution to the differential equation using the method of variation of parameters.

4. 
$$y'' + 2y' + y = e^{-t}$$

## 4.7 EXERCISES

In Problems 9 through 14, find a general solution to the given Cauchy–Euler equation for t > 0.

9. 
$$t^2y''(t) + 7ty'(t) - 7y(t) = 0$$

11. 
$$t^2 \frac{d^2z}{dt^2} + 5t \frac{dz}{dt} + 4z = 0$$

In Problems 15 through 18, find a general solution for t < 0.

17. 
$$t^2y''(t) + 9ty'(t) + 17y(t) = 0$$

In Problems 37 through 39, find general solutions to the non-homogeneous Cauchy–Euler equations using variation of parameters.

37. 
$$t^2z'' + tz' + 9z = -\tan(3 \ln t)$$

**39.** 
$$t^2z'' - tz' + z = t\left(1 + \frac{3}{\ln t}\right)$$

In Problems 41 through 44, a differential equation and a non-trivial solution f are given. Find a second linearly independent solution using reduction of order.

**43.** 
$$tx'' - (t+1)x' + x = 0$$
,  $t > 0$ ;  $f(t) = e^t$