# Factors affecting bacterial growth



# Factors affecting bacterial growth are:

- Oxygen requirement.
- Osmotic pressure (salt tolerance).
- PH.
- Temperature requirement.

## Oxygen requirement

#### Bacteria are divided according to Oxygen requirement:

- Strict aerobes: grow only in presence of oxygen.
- Strict anaerobes: grow only in absence of oxygen.
- Facultative anaerobes: grow in presence or absence of oxygen.
- Microaerophilic organisms: grow in small amount of oxygen.

#### In our bodies

- The aerobic places: skin, eye, mouth, throat, nose.
- The anaerobic places: deep in tissue, large intestine.
- The micro aerobic: upper part of stomach.

# How to Achieve Anaerobic condition:

# 1.Anaerobic hood

# 2.<u>Anaerobic jar</u>

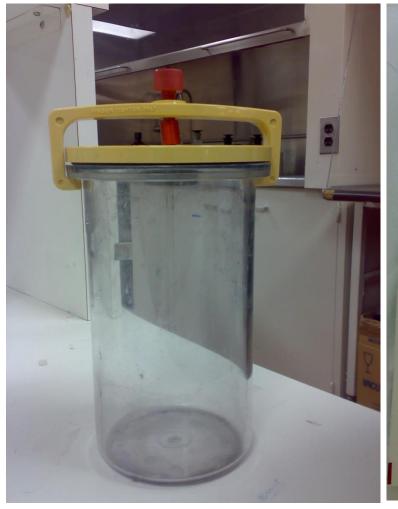
## <u>Anaerobic jar:</u>

Use gas generating kit which contains chemicals to consume the oxygen present in the jar.

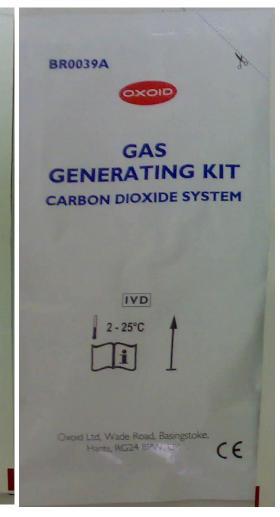
- We add 10 ml water to the gas kit.
- Chemial +  $H_2O \rightarrow H_2 + CO_2$
- H2 + O2 (in jar) Catalyst H2O (appear as droplet in the jar)
- Catalyst: use it to speed up the reaction between H2 and O2

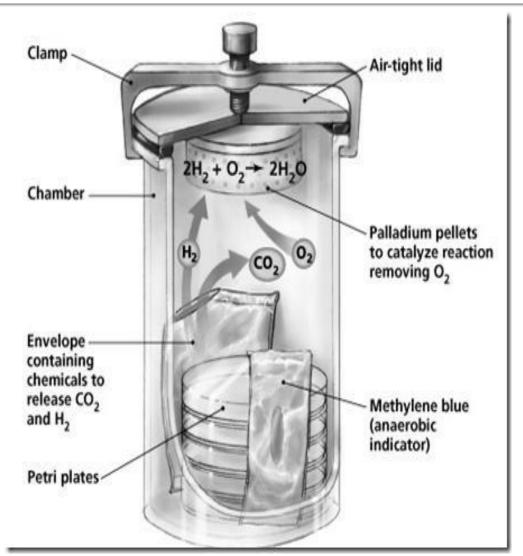
## Anaerobic condition:

Anaerobic Jar + special Kit











## **Anaerobic indicators**

#### 1- Chemical indicator:

• Use anaerobic indicator strip: *Methylene blue*, It is a yellow strip and it turns green or blue in the presence of O2.

#### 2- Biological indicator:

• **Strict aerobic bacteria**, if it didn't grow that means anaerobic condition.

#### Or:

• *Strict anaerobe bacteria*, (Clostredium )if it grows that's mean anaerobic condition.

## Osmotic pressure

#### Osmotic pressure :

pressure exerted by the flow of water through semi permable membrane seprating two solutions with diff conc

Some bacteria require a high level of salt to grow,
 whereas other bacteria would be killed in high levels of salt.

### Osmotic pressure (salt tolerance)

Bacteria vary in their tolerance to salt levels.

Some can not tolerate high concentration of salt.

Low salt conc.= 1% NaCl

Some can tolerate medium concentration of salt.

**Moderate salt conc.=** 5% NaCl

- Some can tolerate high concentration of salt, called: halophilic.
- **High salt conc.** = 9% NaCl

#### PH

- Some bacteria grow at acidic PH (3-6), Called: Acidophilic.
- Or grow at alkaline PH (8-10), Called: Alkelophilic /basophilic.
- 3. Most bacteria grow at neutral PH (7).

#### **Temperature**

Bacteria are divided into three groups according to temperature requirement

- Psychrophiles: Bacteria grow at cold temp. (4-10 C)
- Mesophiles: Bacteria grow at (15C 45 C)
   (most pathogens)

Thermophiles: Bacteria grow at (45C-100 C)

# THANK YOU!