

First Midterm Exam
Academic Year 1445 Hijri- Second Semester

Exam Information معلومات الامتحان		
Course name	Introduction to Partial Differential Equations	
Course Code	425 MATH	
Exam Date	2024-03-03	1445-08-22
Exam Time	01: 00 PM	
Exam Duration	2 hours	ساعتان
Classroom No.	F110	
Instructor Name	د. هدى الرشيدى	

Student Information معلومات الطالب		
Student's Name		اسم الطالب
ID number		الرقم الجامعي
Section No.		رقم الشعبة
Serial Number		الرقم التسلسلي

General Instructions:

- Your Exam consists of 1 PAGES (except this paper)
- Keep your mobile and smart watch out of the classroom.
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- عدد صفحات الامتحان 1 صفحة. (باستثناء هذه الورقة)
- يجب إبقاء الهواتف والساعات الذكية خارج قاعة الامتحان.
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تعليمات عامة:

هذا الجزء خاص بأستاذ المادة

This section is ONLY for instructor

#	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Related Question (s)	Points	Final Score
1	CLO 1.1 (4 marks)	QI(1)		
2	CLO 2.1 (4 marks)	QI(2)-QIV(1)		
3	CLO 2.2 (9 marks)	QII-QIV(2)		
4	CLO 2.3 (8 marks)	QIII		
5				
6				
7				
8				



Question I:

1. Classify each of the following PDEs as linear, quasilinear, or nonlinear and state its order and homogeneity:

(a) $u_{tt} + (\sin y)u_{yy} - e^t \cos y = 0$.

(b) $e^y u_{xxx} + e^x u = -\sin y + 10xu_y$.

(c) $u_x u_{xxy} + e^x u u_y = 5x^2 u_x$.

(d) $u_{tt}^2 + u_{xxxx} = 0$.

2. Find the PDE from $f(x^2 + y^2 + u^2, u) = 0$.

Question II:

By using change of variables; Solve the following linear PDEs:

1. $2u_x + 3u_y = 3x - 2y$

2. $5u_x + 4yu_y = 1 + e^{2x}$, $y \neq 0$

Question III: Write the solution in the explicit form

1. Find the integral surface of the following PDE $x^2 u_x + y^2 u_y = u^2$ which passes through the curve $x = t$, $y = 2t$ and $u = 1$.

2. Find the solution to the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 3\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = u^2$ that satisfies the condition $u(x, 0) = \cos x$.

Question IV:

1. Determine whether the following Cauchy Problem has one solution or not?

$$u_x - u_y = 2 \text{ with initial conditions } x_0 = 2t, y_0 = -2t, u_0 = 2t, t > 0.$$

2. Find the solution of $xu_x + yu_y = 2xye^{-u}$.

Good Luck