

Final Exam  
Academic Year 1446 Hijri- First Semester

Exam Information معلومات الامتحان		
Course name	Introduction to Partial Differential Equations	
Course Code	425 Math	
Exam Date	2024-12-17	1446-06-16
Exam Time	08: 00 AM	
Exam Duration	3 hours	ثلاث ساعات
Classroom No.		
Instructor Name		

Student Information معلومات الطالب		
Student's Name		
ID number		
Section No.		
Serial Number		

**General Instructions:**

- Your Exam consists of 1 PAGES (except this paper)
- Keep your mobile and smart watch out of the classroom.
- 

- عدد صفحات الامتحان 1 صفحة. (باستثناء هذه الورقة)
- يجب إبقاء الهواتف والساعات الذكية خارج قاعة الامتحان.
- 

**تعليمات عامة:**

هذا الجزء خاص بأستاذ المادة

*This section is ONLY for instructor*

#	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Related Question (s)	Points	Final Score
1	C.L.O 1-1 (1 point)	QII(A)(a)		
2	C.L.O 2-1 (4+4+4 marks)	QII(A)(b) QII(B) QIV(B)		
3	C.L.O 2-2 ((4+4)+2 marks)	QI QII(A)(c)		
4	C.L.O 2-3 ((3.5+3.5+4)+6 marks)	QIII QIV(A)		
5				
6				
7				
8				

**Question I:** (4+4 points)

A) Find the general solution of the PDE :

$$u_x + u_y + u_z + u_t = 0$$

B) Find the integral surface of

$$(u^2 - 2yu - y^2)u_x + (xy + xu)u_y = xy - xu$$

**Question II:** ((1+4+2)+4 points)

A) Consider the following second-order PDE:

$$u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + u_{yy} = 0 \dots\dots(1)$$

a) Classify the equation (1).

b) Use the chain rule to write the differential equation (1) in the coordinates

$$\xi = x, \quad \eta = x - y.$$

c) Find the general solution of the given equation (1).

B) What are the conditions on the constants a, b, c, d and the function f so that the function

$$u(x, y, z) = f(ax + by + cz + d)$$

is harmonic function.

**Question III:** (3.5+3.5+4 points)

A) Solve the following Cauchy problem:

$$\begin{cases} e^{-u}(u_x + xu_y) = \frac{1}{1+x}, \\ \Gamma: x = 0, \quad y = t, \quad u = t. \end{cases}$$

B) Find the integral surface of

$$x^2u_x + y^2u_y + u^2 = 0,$$

which passes through the hyperbola:

$$xy = x + y, u = 1.$$

C) Find the solution of the following initial-problem:

$$\begin{aligned} u_{xx} - 4u_{yy} &= \sin(x + y), \\ u(0, y) &= 0, \quad u_x(0, y) = 0. \end{aligned}$$

**Question IV:** (6+4 points)

A) Find the solution of the following initial-boundary value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= 2u_{xx}, \quad 0 < x < \pi, \quad t > 0 \\ u(0, t) &= 5, u(\pi, t) = 10, \quad t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) &= \sin 3x - \sin 5x, \quad 0 < x < \pi \end{aligned}$$

(Hint:  $\sin u \sin v = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(u - v) - \cos(u + v)]$ )

B) Prove that the following initial-boundary value problem

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} &= \beta \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad 0 < x < L, \quad t > 0 \\ u(0, t) &= u(L, t) = 0, \quad t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) &= F(x), \quad 0 < x < L \end{aligned}$$

has a unique solution.

Good Luck