

Questions:

(6 + 7 + 6 + 6) Marks

Question 1:

Compute the determinant of the matrix  $A$  and the solution of the following linear system using the Gaussian elimination with partial pivoting

$$\begin{array}{rrcr} x_1 & + & x_2 & + & x_3 & = & 0.5 \\ 2x_1 & - & 3x_2 & + & x_3 & = & -1 \\ -x_1 & - & 1.5x_2 & + & 2.5x_3 & = & -1 \end{array}$$

Question 2:

Use LU-factorization method with Doolittle's method ( $l_{ii} = 1$ ) to find the solution of the consistent system for  $\alpha \neq 3$ .

$$\begin{array}{rrcr} x_1 & + & x_2 & & = & 1 \\ 3x_1 & + & \alpha x_2 & + & 5x_3 & = & 8 \\ & & 7x_2 & + & 3x_3 & = & 3 \end{array}$$

Question 3:

Consider the following linear system of equations

$$\begin{array}{rrcr} 2x_1 & + & x_2 & & = & 3 \\ x_1 & + & 8x_2 & + & x_3 & = & 10 \\ & & x_2 & + & 2x_3 & = & 3 \end{array}$$

Find the matrix form of Gauss-Seidel method. If  $\mathbf{x}^{(0)} = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5]^T$ , then compute an error bound  $\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(10)}\|$ .

Question 4:

Let  $f(x) = e^{3x} + \cos 2x$  ( $x$  is in radian) and  $x_0 = 0.1$ ,  $x_1 = 0.2$ ,  $x_2 = 0.4$ ,  $x_3 = 0.5$ . Then find the best approximation of  $f(0.45)$  using the quadratic Lagrange interpolation formula and also estimate an error bound and the absolute error for the approximation.