

# 222 MBIO

# Microbial Fine Structure

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# Electron Microscopy in the Study of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Microbial Ultrastructure

- Lab 9 -

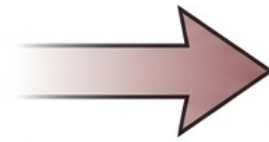
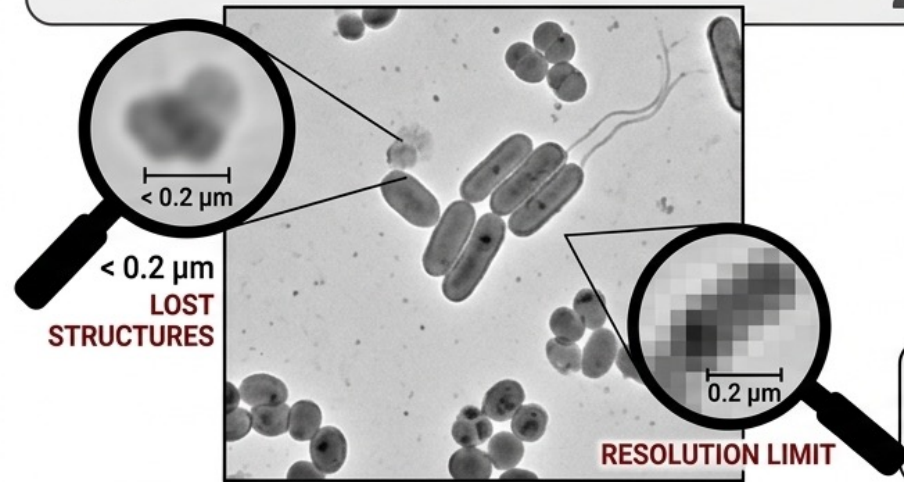
# Learning Objectives

- By the end of this lecture, students should be able to:
  - Distinguish between TEM and SEM based on biological application
  - Identify microbial structures visible only with electron microscopy
  - Describe ultrastructural features of prokaryotic cells revealed by TEM
  - Describe ultrastructural features of eukaryotic microorganisms revealed by TEM and SEM
  - Select the appropriate type of electron microscopy for specific microbiological investigations

# Why do we need electron microscopy in microbiology?

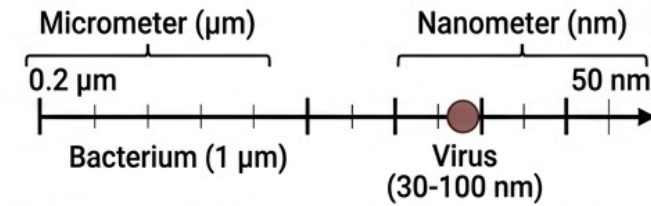
## I. The Limitations of Light Microscopy

Light microscope resolution  $\approx 0.2 \mu\text{m}$   
Many microbial structures  $< 0.2 \mu\text{m}$

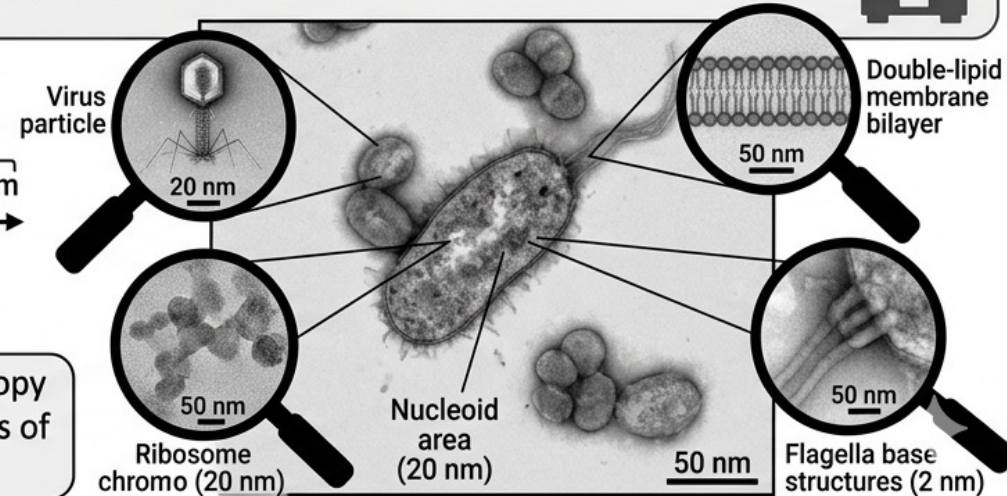


## II. The Solution: Electron Microscopy

➤ Electron microscopy allows visualization of microbial ultrastructure.



**Visualizing the unseen:** Electron microscopy bridges the gap, allowing detailed analysis of structures beyond the limits of light.



- Light microscope resolution  $\approx 0.2 \mu\text{m}$
- Many **microbial structures**  $< 0.2 \mu\text{m}$

# What is Ultrastructure?

- Electron microscopy allows visualization of microbial ultrastructure.
- **Ultrastructure** refers to the fine internal structural details of cells that **cannot** be observed using a light microscope.
- **Examples:**
  - membrane layers
  - ribosomes
  - nucleoid organization
  - cell envelope architecture
  - organelle internal structure

# Types of Electron Microscopy Used in Microbiology

**Transmission Electron  
Microscope**

**Internal structure  
(inside)**



**Scanning Electron  
Microscope**

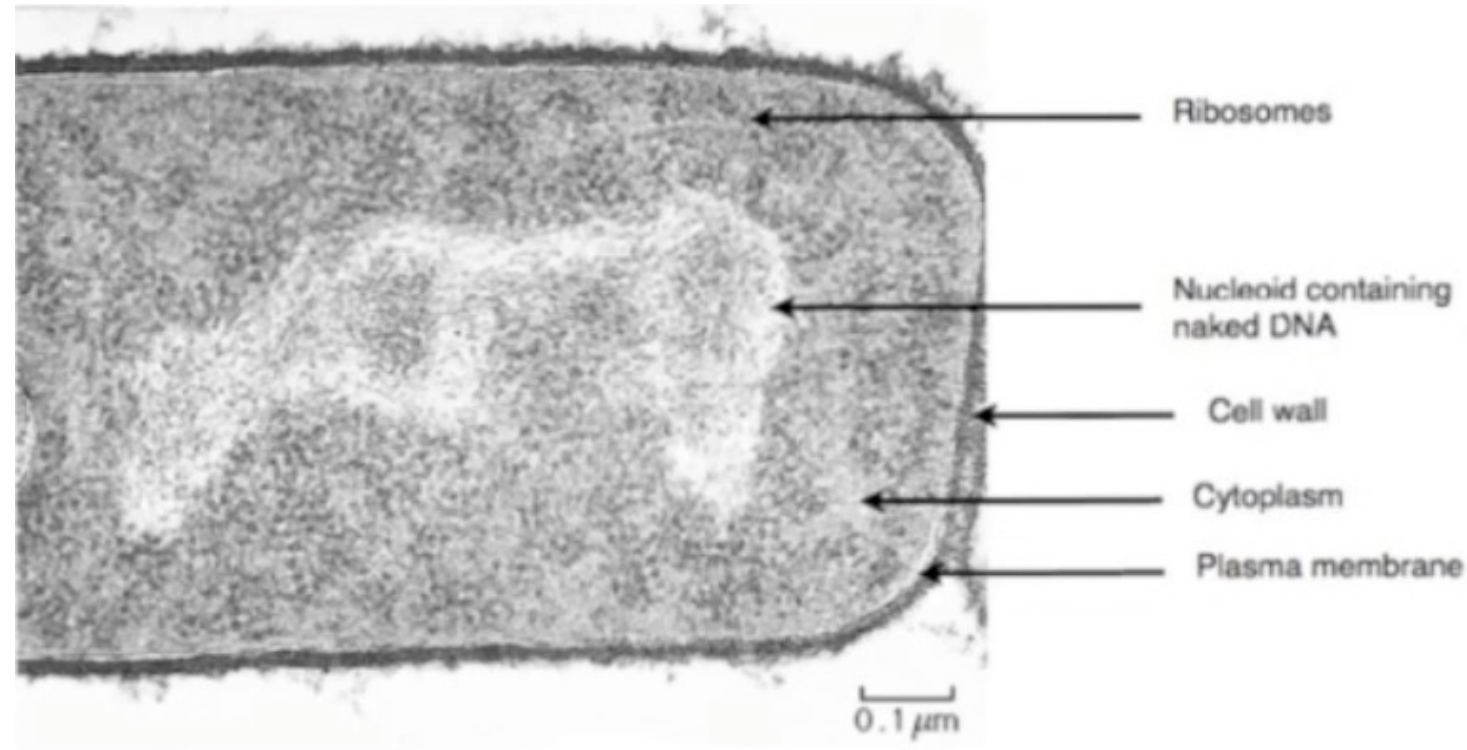
**Surface structure  
(outside)**



# Electron Microscopy in Prokaryotic Cells

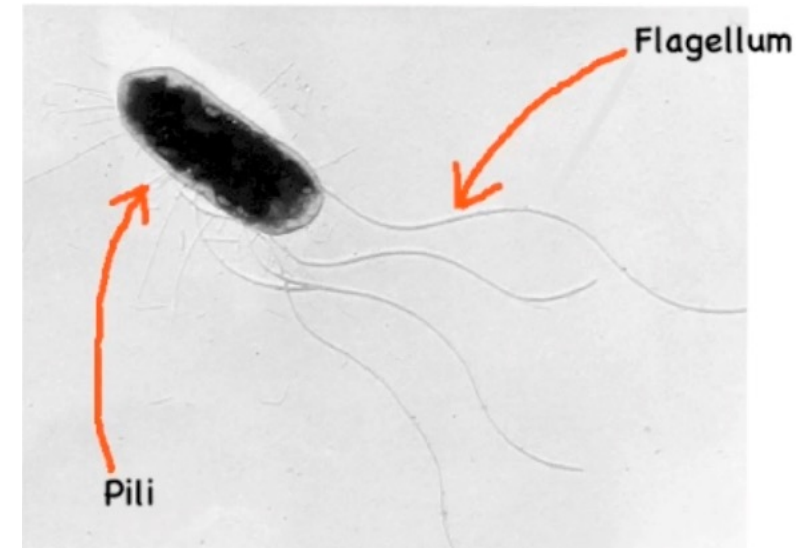
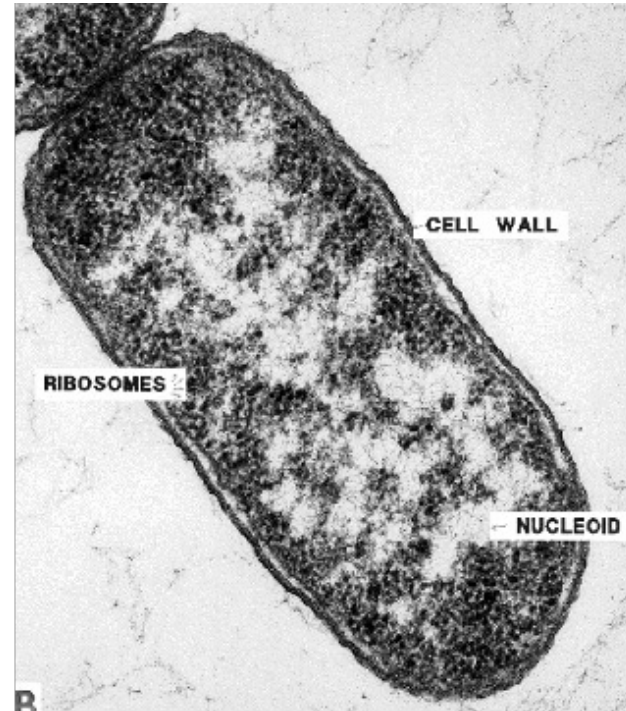
- Electron microscopy helped identify:

- cell envelope organization
- ribosomes
- nucleoid structure
- flagella ultrastructure
- endospores
- pili



## ❖ Structures Only Visible with Electron Microscopy:

- ribosomes
- pili
- flagellar basal body
- endospore layers



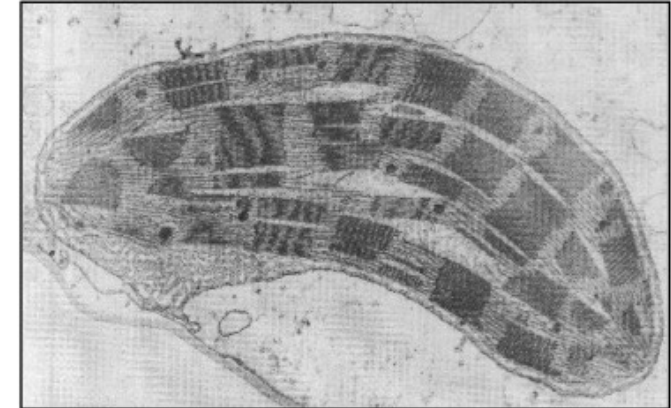
# Electron Microscopy in Eukaryotic Microorganisms

- Used to visualize:

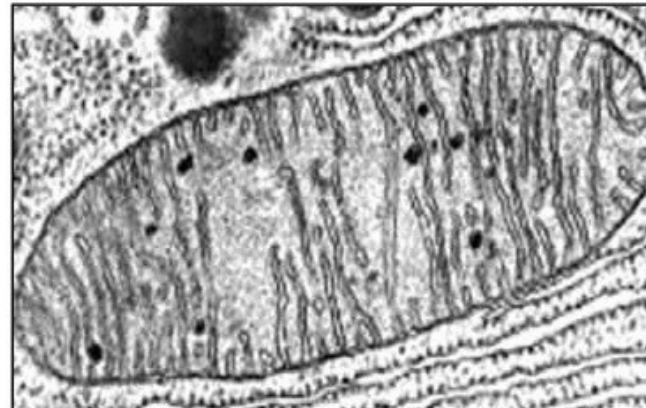
- nucleus
- mitochondria
- ER
- cytoskeleton
- chloroplast internal structure



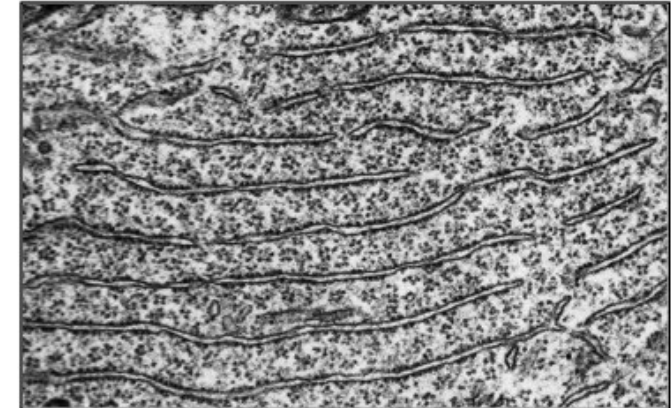
Golgi Apparatus



Chloroplast



Mitochondrion



Endoplasmic Reticulum

## ❖ Example: Fungal Ultrastructure:

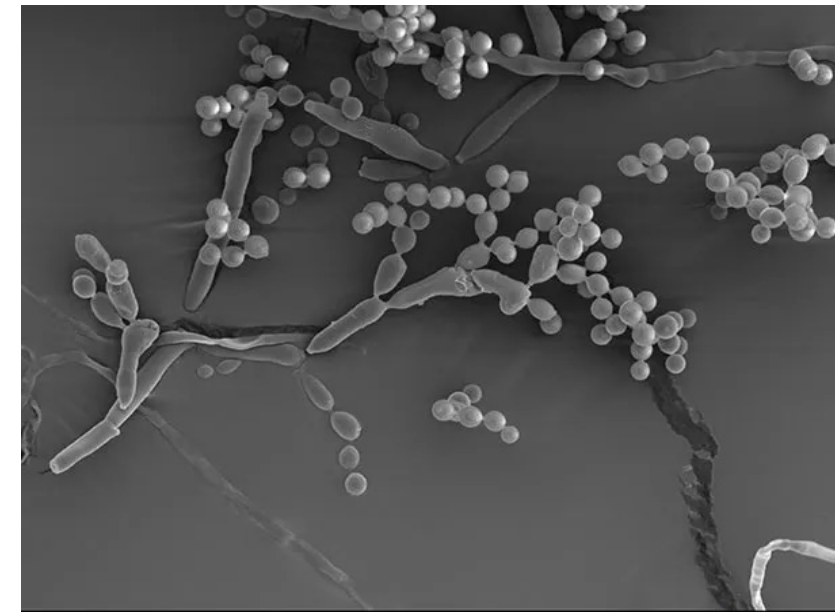
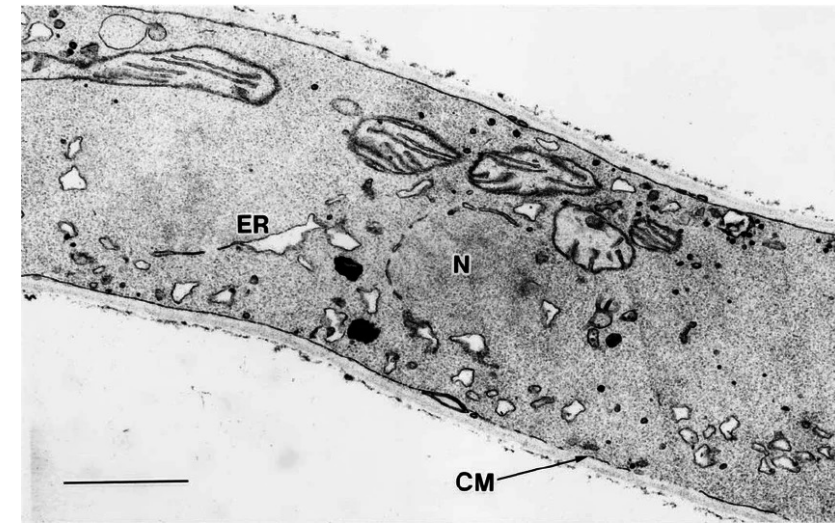
### • TEM shows:

- septum structure
- nuclear membrane
- mitochondria



### • SEM shows:

- hyphal surface
- spore morphology



“Success in this course comes from practice, attention to detail, and responsibility in the laboratory. Engage actively and make the most of every practical session.”

End of the Lab 🧐