

King Saud University

College of Engineering

IE – 462: “Industrial Information Systems”

Spring – 2025 (2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. 1446H)

**Introduction (Chapter 1)**

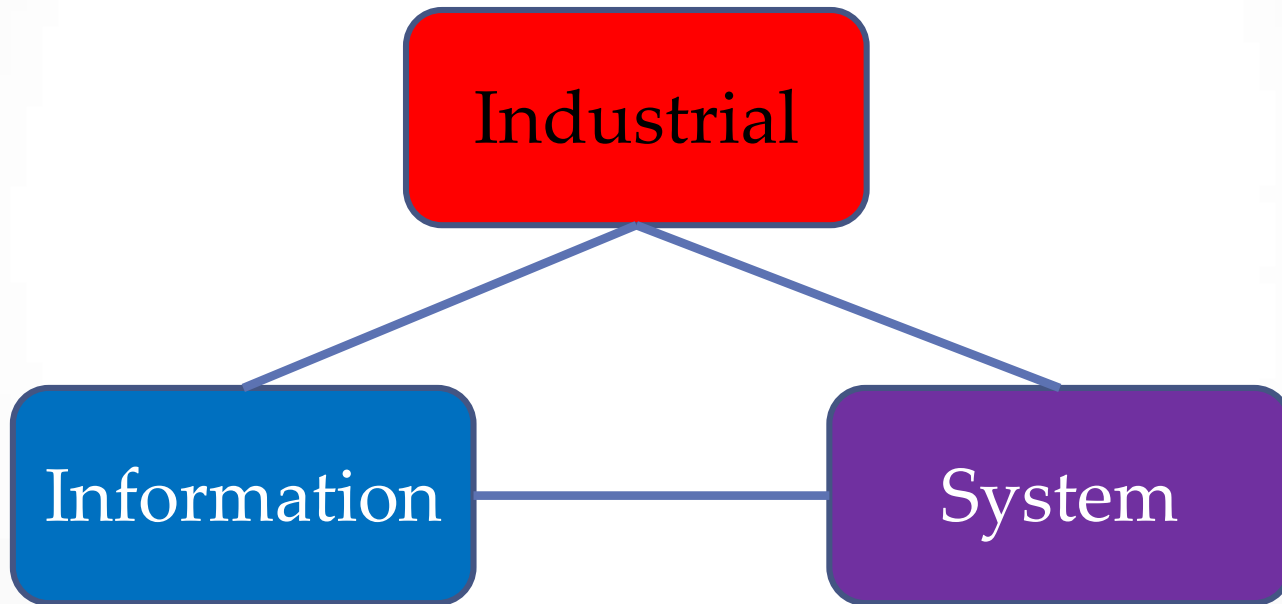
***part 1 – Fundamental Concepts regarding Information***

# Lesson Overview

## Part 1:

- What is information?
- What is a system?
- What are Information Technologies (IT)?
  - IT role in industry / manufacturing
  - Types of software
- Why IS in industry?

# Industrial Information System



# What is Information?

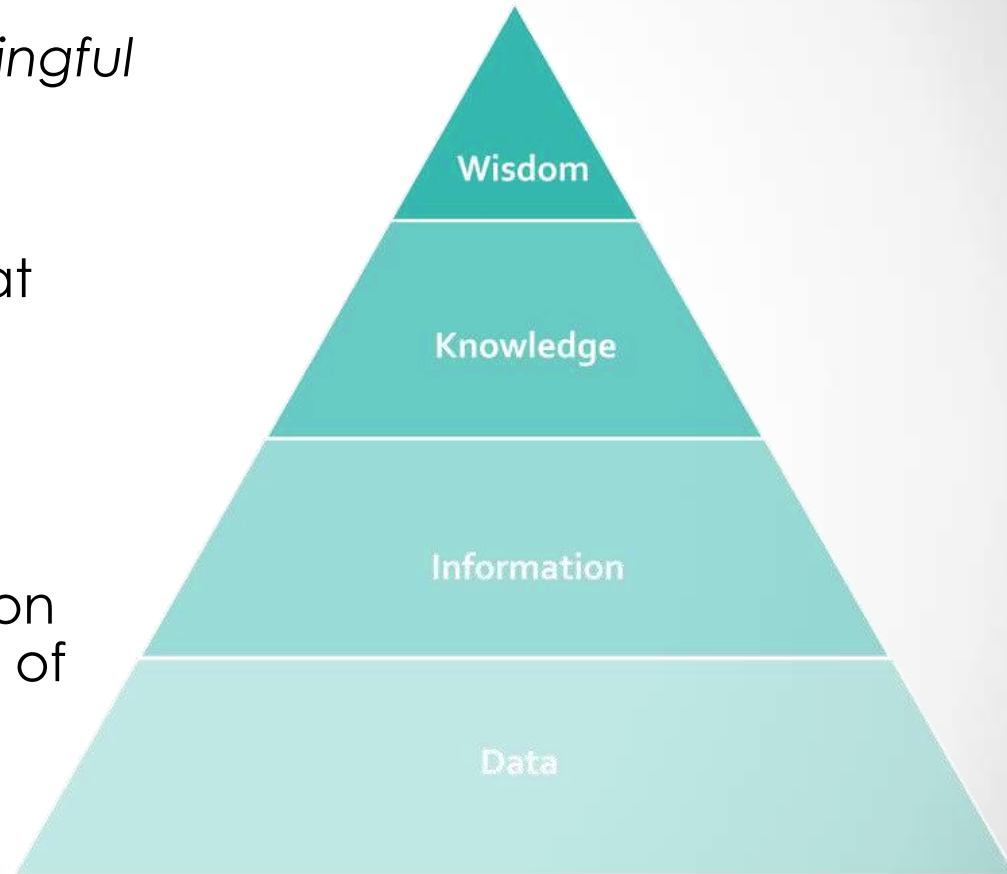
- **Information:**

- Data put within a *meaningful context*
- It is also *processed data* (data is raw material that proceeds to provide information)

- **Knowledge:**

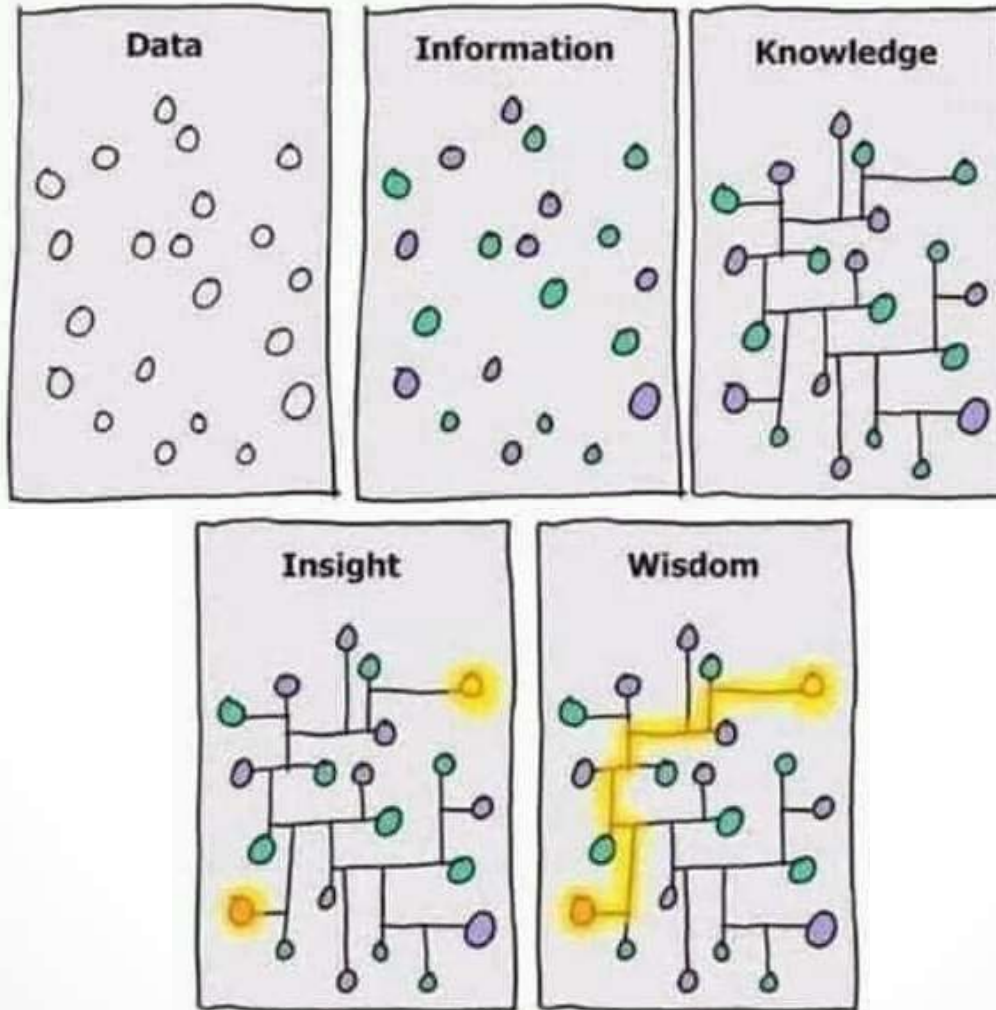
- relationship or connection between several pieces of Information

- Information and knowledge are necessary for decision making



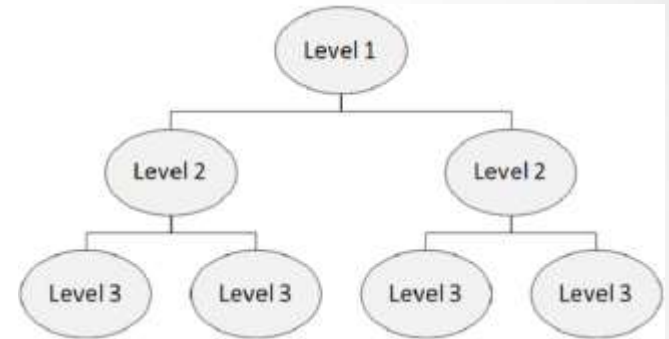
DIKW Pyramid

# What is Information?

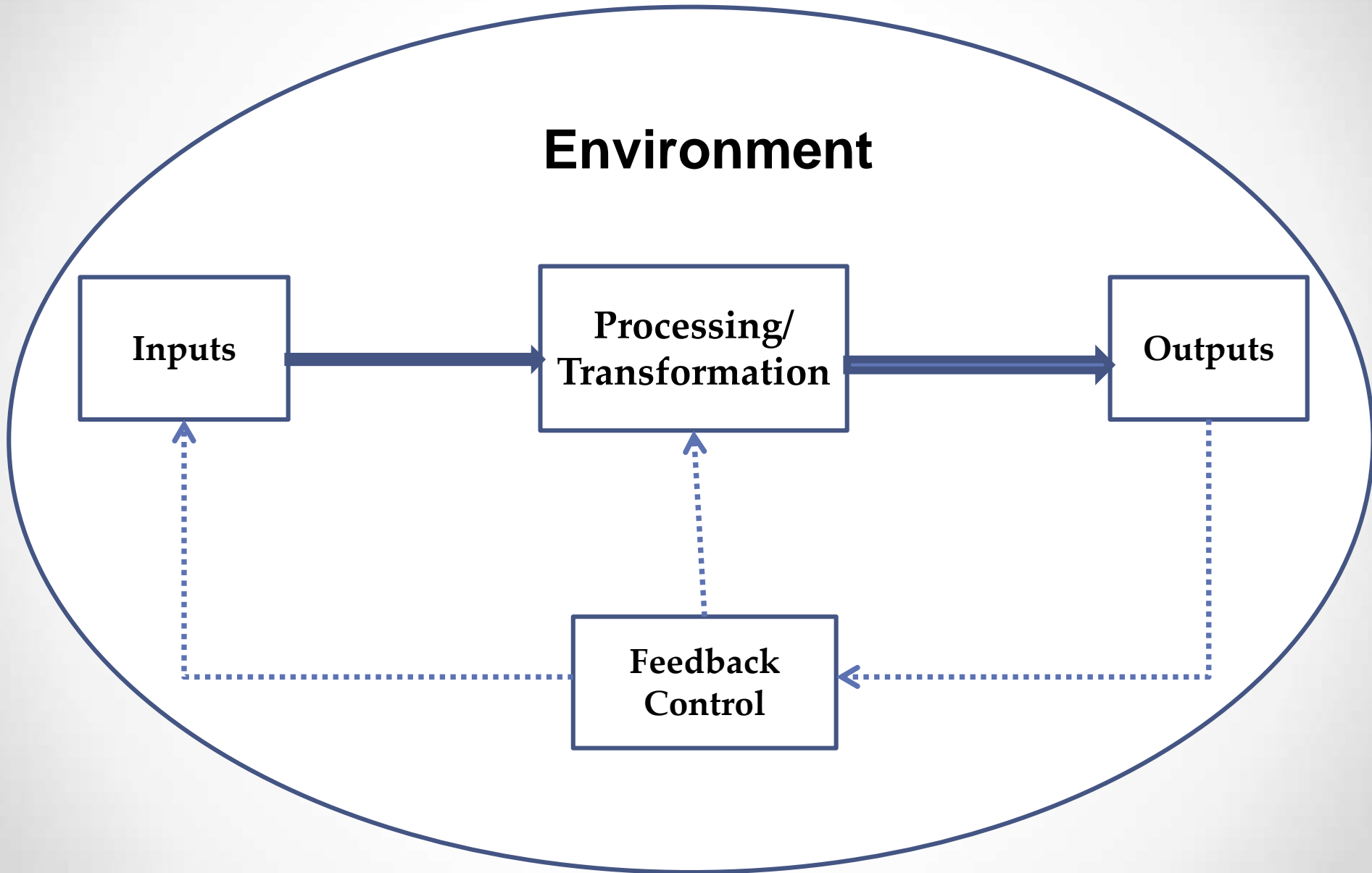


# Definition of a System

- **General system definition:**
  - any collection of component elements that work together to perform certain task for achieving a known goal
- Systems are usually:
  - **hierarchical** and are
  - either **physical or logical systems**  
(e.g. university, power stations, mathematical models, automobiles, information system)
- **Information system:**
  - refers to collection or combination of programs, procedures, data or equipment
  - used in processing data (e.g. billing system, inventory systems)



# What is a System?



# Classification of Systems

- Closed and Open system:
  - **Closed system:** does not interact with environment
  - **Open system:** interacts with environment; either affects or is affected by the environment
- Static and Dynamic systems:
  - **Static system:** its components or goal does not change with time
  - **Dynamic system:** its elements, their contents and goal may change with time



# What are Information Technologies (IT)?

- Information needs to be stored, processed, and presented through some media, or technology, aka **IT**
- IT includes:
  - Hardware (e.g. computer systems, equipment, and devices)
  - Software
  - Communication technologies



# IT Role in Industry / Manufacturing

- It is necessary to *manage* both
  - **Material flow** (material processing) and
  - **Information flow** (manufacturing information processing)
- IT:
  - One of the major factors of productivity improvement
  - Enables firms to integrate decision functions in [subsystems](#) required to manufacture and distribute a product
  - e.g. in sales, purchasing, production planning, quality control, process control, and supply chain logistics

# Computer Software

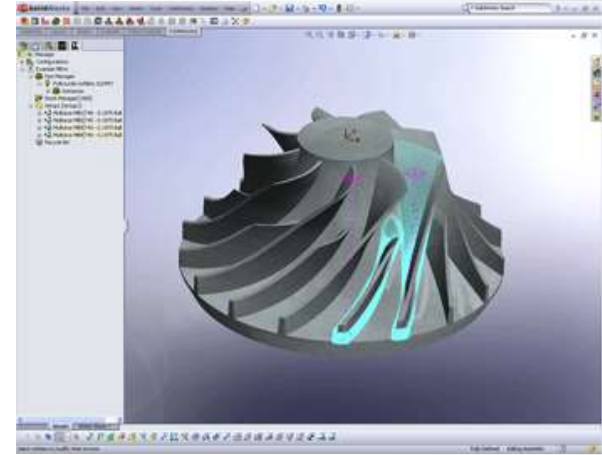
- **Information System (IS):**
  - Is a [computer software](#)
  - It is broad term given to the instructions that direct the operations of the hardware
- Basic types of software:
  - **Application software**
  - **End-user software**
  - **System development software**
  - **Systems software**



# Types of software

## 1. Application software:

- Process data for business activities, scientific applications, etc.
- e.g. accounting, inventory, sales forecasting, application programs, CAD-CAM



## 2. End-user software:

- Multi-purpose software
- e.g. spreadsheet (MS Excel), word processor (MS Word), Graphics package (Photoshop)
- This is software directly used by the user, without programming



# Types of software

## 3. System Development Software:

- used by programmers and systems analysts in developing and constructing specific programs, and information systems
- e.g. JAVA, PHP, ORACLE, Computer-aided Software Engineering



## 4. System Software/Operating system:

- used to control internal operations of computer systems
- e.g. operating systems, and data communication programs (Windows, Linux, MAC)



# Why IS in Industry?

- Industrial firm:
  - Set of activities, or processes, that interact with each other (creating and [exchanging information](#))
- Example:
  - When *quality control* gives final approval to use material
  - This is *information* passed on to *production* before production personnel can *process* the material

# Why IS in Industry?

