

Department of Mathematics

M-106

First Mid Term Exam

Summer Term(1435)

Max. Marks: 25

Time: 90 minutes

----- اسم الطالب: ----- رقم الجامعي -----

Marks: Multiple Choice(1-to-5).....[]

 Question (6).....[]

 Question (7).....[]

 Question (8).....[]

 Question (9).....[]

 Question (10).....[]

Total.....[]

Marking Scheme:[From Q.No.1-to-Q.No.5 one mark each]

Multiple Choices

Q. No:	1	2	3	4	5
{a,b,c,d}					

Q.No:1 The sum $\sum_{k=1}^4 (3k + 1)$ is equal to:

- (a) 34 (b) 36 (c) 30 (d) 21

Q.No:2 If $f(x) = x^2 + 1$, then the number z that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Values theorem on $[0,1]$ is

- (a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) 1

Q.No:3 The average value of the function $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ on the interval $[0,1]$ is:

- (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\frac{2}{3}$ (c) 1 (d) $\frac{1}{5}$

Q.No:4 If $f(x) = \int_x^{x^2} \cos(t^2) dt$ then $f'(x)$ is equal to:

- (a) $2x \cos(x^4) - \sin(x^2)$, (b) $2x \cos(x^4) + \cos(x^2)$, (c) $2x \cos(x^4) - \cos(x^2)$

Q.No:5 The value of the integral $\int_1^2 -\frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}{x^2} dx$ is equal to :

- (a) $e^{\frac{1}{2}} - e$, (b) $-\frac{1}{2}(e^{\frac{1}{2}} - e)$, (c) $e^{\frac{1}{2}} + e$ (d) None of these.

Question No: 6 Use the Trapezoidal rule to approximate the integral

$$\int_0^1 e^{x^2} dx \text{ with } n = 4.$$

[4]

Question No: 7 Evaluate the integral $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(x^{3/2} + 1)^3} dx$

[3]

Question No: 8 Find y' if $y = (x+1)^{\sin x}$.

[4]

Question No: 9 Evaluate the integral $\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{x^6 - 1}} dx .$ [3]

Question No: 10 Find the $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (e^x - 1)^x$ if it exists [4]