King Saud University College of Computer and Information Sciences **Computer Science Department** Course Code: **CSC 111** Course Title: Introduction to Programming Semester: Fall 2017-2018 **Exercises Cover Sheet:** Midterm 1 Exam (FORM C) **Duration: 90 min** Student Name: Student ID: Student Section No. Question No. Tick the Computer Science B.Sc. Program ABET Student Outcomes Covering Relevant Is Relevant % Hyperlinked Apply knowledge of computing and mathematics appropriate to the 1,2,3 50% discipline; Analyze a problem, and identify and define the computing requirements appropriate to its solution; Design, implement and evaluate a computer-based system, process, component, or program to meet desired needs; Function effectively on teams to accomplish a common goal; Understanding of professional, ethical, legal, security, and social issues and responsibilities; f) Communicate effectively with a range of audiences; Analyze the local and global impact of computing on individuals, organizations and society; Recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in, continuing professional development; Use current techniques, skills, and tools necessary for computing 1,2,3 50% practices. Apply mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles, and computer science theory in the modeling and design of computer-based systems in a way that demonstrates comprehension of the tradeoffs involved in design choices; k) Apply design and development principles in the construction of software systems of varying complexity;

Question 1. (6 Marks)
Put your answers of the question 1 (<u>multiple-choice questions</u>) in the following table:

Question	Answer
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	

```
1) What is the output of the following program (if any)?
public class Operators {
         public static void main(String args[]) {
            int i = 3, j = 5;
            int k = i++ + j;
            System.out.println(i + " " + j + " " + k);
         }
     }
a) Compilation Error
b) 358
c) 458
d) 459
2) Which of the following expressions is equivalent to the Boolean expression
   !(varA < 5 && varB != varC)
   assume any value for varA, varB and varC
a) None of the above
b) varA > 5 \mid \mid varB \mid = varC
c) varA >= 5 \mid \mid varB == varC
d)!(varA < 5) || (varB != varC)</pre>
3) What is the output of the following program (if any)?
public class Operators {
         public static void main(String args[]) {
            System.out.println(5 + 15 / 3 * 2 - 8 \% 3);
         }
a) Compilation Error
b) 13
c) 5
d) 1
4) What is the output of the following program (if any)?
public class CompareToClass {
 public static void main(String args[]){
    String str1 = "Hello";
    String str2 = "Java";
    String str3 = "111CS";
    System.out.println(str1.equals("hello")+ " "+
(str2.compareTo("java")<0)+" " + (str3.compareTo("CS111")>0));
 }
}
a) Compilation Error
b) false false false
c) false true false
d) true false true
```

5) Which of the following statements are equivalent?

```
(I)
                                     (II)
if (i > 0)
                                     if (i > 0) {
  if(j > 0)
                                        if (j > 0)
    x = 0;
                                          x = 0;
                                        else if (k > 0)
  else
    if (k > 0)
                                          y = 0;
                                     }
      y = 0;
                                     else
    else
      z = 0;
                                        z = 0;
(III)
                                     (IV)
if (i > 0)
                                     if (i > 0)
  if (j > 0)
                                        if ((j > 0) && (i > 0))
    x = 0;
                                          x = 0;
  else if (k > 0)
                                        else if (k > 0)
    y = 0;
                                          y = 0;
  else
                                     else
                                        z = 0;
    z = 0;
```

- a) They are no equivalent statements.
- b) (I), (II), and (IV) are equivalent.
- c) (I), (III), and (IV) are equivalent.
- d) (I), (II), and (III) are equivalent.

6) Are the following two statements equivalent?

- a) (II) has a compilation error.
- b) Yes.
- c) No.
- d) (I) has a compilation error.
- 7) Consider the following statement

```
if (score > 90)
  pay *= 1.03;
else
  pay = pay * 1.01;
```

- a) It has a compilation error.
- b) It increases pay by 1% if score is greater than 90, otherwise increases pay by 3%.
- c) It increases pay by 3% if score is less or equal than 90, otherwise increases pay by 1%.
- d) It increases pay by 3% if score is greater than 90, otherwise increases pay by 1%.

```
8) What is the output of the following segment (if any)?
int odd = 1;
if(odd){
  System.out.println("odd");
}
else{
  System.out.println("even");
a) Compilation error
b) odd
c) even
d) It runs, but no output
9) What is the output of the following program (if any)?
public class Equals{
  public static void main(String [] args){
         int x = 100;
         double y = 100.1;
         boolean b = (x = y);
         System.out.println(b);
 }
}
a) It runs, but no output
b) true
c) false
d) Compilation fails
10) What is the output of the following segment (if any)?
int var1=1, var2=2, var3=3;
if(++var1 > var2++ || var1-- > 0)
  var3++;
else
  var3--;
System.out.println(var1+" "+var2+" "+var3);
a) Compilation fails
b) 232
c) 134
d) 2 2 4
```

```
11) What is the output of the following segment (if any)?
double d = 10.5;
int i = (int)d;
System.out.println(i+ " " + d);
a) Compilation fails
b) 10 10.5
c) 10.5 10.5
d) 10 10.0
12) After execution of the following code, what will be the value of cnt?
      int cnt = 20;
      if (cnt> 6)
            cnt = cnt + 5;
      else if (cnt> 10)
            cnt = cnt + 15;
      else cnt = 9;
      System.out.println(cnt);
a) 17
b) 20
c) 25
d) 18
```

Question 2. (2 Marks)

Given two int variables, **x** and **y**, write the following Boolean expressions in Java:

- a) an expression that returns true if x is divisible by 3.
- b) an expression that returns **true** if $|\mathbf{x} 5| < 4$.
- c) an expression that returns **true** if either **x** is greater than 50 or **y** is greater than 60, but not both.
- d) an expression that returns true if x is even and y is odd

Question 3. (2 Marks)

Consider the following program:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class MyClass {
   public static void main(String [] args) {
       Scanner read = new Scanner (System.in);
       boolean a = read.nextBoolean();
       boolean b = read.nextBoolean();
       if(a){
       if (b)
       System.out.println("Output 1");
       else if(a && b){
       System.out.println( "Output 2");
       else{
       if (!b){
       System.out.println( "Output 3") ;
       else{
       System.out.println( "Output 4" ) ;
       System.out.println( "Output 5" ) ;
       System.out.println("END");
    }
```

Complete the following table:

value of variable a	value of variable b	output (if any)
true	true	
true	false	
false	true	
false	false	

Result								
Question No.	Relevant Student Outcome	SO is Covered by %	Full Mark	Student Mark		Assessor's	Feedback	
1	а	60	6					
2	i	20	2					
3	a	20	2					
Totals		100%	10					
I certify that the work contained within this assignment is all my own work and referenced where required. Student Signature: Date:					ork	Feedback Received: Student Signature: Date:		