

IE-352

Section 1, CRN: 5022/5030/5041

Section 2, CRN: 32997/32999/32998

Second Semester 1433-34 H (Spring-2013) – 4(4,1,1)

MANUFACTURING PROCESSES – 2

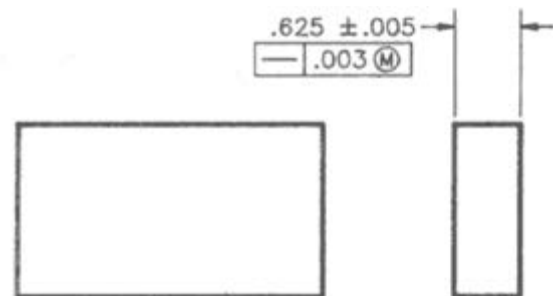
Wednesday, Mar 13, 2013 (01/05/1434H)

Exercise: Geometric Tolerance (Straightness of a Center Plane)

Name:	Student Number:	Section:
	4	8:00 / 10:00

Straightness of a Center Plane

Examine the dimensioned plane shown on the right (units in *mm*). Calculate the geometric tolerance for cross sections in the plane having the following sizes:



- a) 0.632
- b) 0.628
- c) 0.621
- d) 0.619

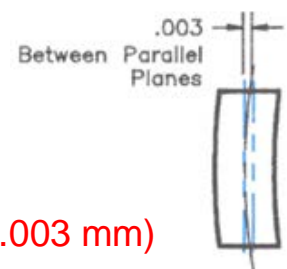
Given:

a) $BS = 0.625 \text{ mm}$

- $Size \text{ Tol.} = \pm 0.005$
- $\Rightarrow MMC = BS + 0.005 = 0.625 + 0.005 = 0.630$
- $\Rightarrow LMC = BS - 0.005 = 0.625 - 0.005 = 0.620$
- $\Rightarrow \mathbf{0.620 \leq size \leq 0.630}$
- Note, this is the allowable range of sizes (or size zone) along the different cross sections of the plane

b) Feature control frame:

- Straightness geometric tolerance (plane)
- $GT = 0.003 @ MMC$ (i.e. allowable GT at MMC is 0.003 mm)



- \Rightarrow Virtual Condition: $V_c = MMC + 0.003 = 0.630 + 0.003 = 0.633$
- \Rightarrow @ LMC: $GT_{LMC} = V_c - LMC = 0.633 - 0.620 = 0.013$
- \Rightarrow **0.003 (@MMC) \leq GT \leq 0.013 (@LMC)**
- This is the allowable GT range (or GT zone) for this feature

Required:

- $GT_{0.632} = ?$
- $GT_{0.628} = ?$
- $GT_{0.621} = ?$
- $GT_{0.619} = ?$

Solution:

a) $size = 0.632$

- Check if within size limits: $0.632 > 0.630 \Rightarrow$ **part is rejected**
(note, remachining may be possible here)

b) $size = 0.628$

- Check size: $0.620 < 0.628 < 0.630 \Rightarrow$ part is acceptable
- $GT_{0.628} = V_c - size = 0.633 - 0.628 = 0.005$
- Check if within GT limits: $0.003 < 0.005 < 0.013 (\Rightarrow ok)$

$$GT_{0.628} = 0.005$$

c) $size = 0.621$

- Check size: $0.620 \leq 0.621 \leq 0.630 (\Rightarrow ok)$
- $GT_{0.621} = V_c - size = 0.633 - 0.621 = 0.012$
- Check GT: $0.003 < 0.012 < 0.013 (\Rightarrow ok)$

$$GT_{0.621} = 0.012$$

d) $size = 0.619$

- Check size: $0.619 < 0.620 \Rightarrow$ **part is rejected** (note,
remachining is not possible in this case)

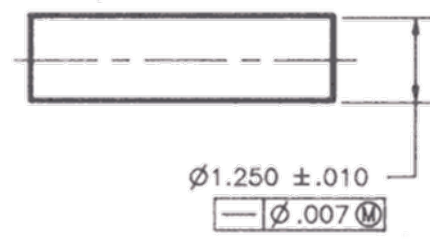
IE-352
 Section 1, CRN: 13536
 Section 2, CRN: 30521
 First Semester 1434-35 H (Fall-2013) – 4(4,1,2)
 “MANUFACTURING PROCESSES – 2”

Sunday, November 10, 2013 (07/01/1435H)

Quiz 3 ANSWERS

Name: AHMED M. EL-SHERBEENY, PHD	Student Number: 4	Section: 11:00 / 1:00
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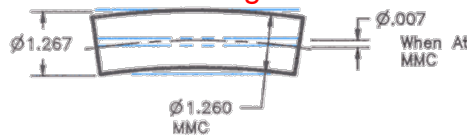
Examine the drawing below and answer the following questions. [units: *in*]



1. What type of geometric tolerance is involved here (form, orientation, or location)? [1 Point] ANSWER: form

2. Describe below each element of the feature control frame. [3 Points]

- : geometric – form – **straightness** tolerance
- $\phi .007$ $\text{\textcircled{M}}$: allowable geometric tolerance is a **0.007 in cylindrical error**



zone measured around the central axis (or axis error) and is taken at the **MMC of the shaft**

3. What is the basic size? [1 Point] ANSWER: 1.250 in

4. What is the MMC and LMC? [1 Point]

MMC: 1.260 in

LMC: 1.240 in

$MMC = BS + 0.010 = 1.260; LMC = BS - 0.010 = 1.240$

5. What is the size of the *virtual hole*? [2 Points]

ANSWER: **1.267 in**

$$\text{virtual hole: } V_c = \phi_{\text{shaft@MMC}} + GT_{\text{MMC}} = 1.260 + 0.007 = 1.267 \text{ in}$$

6. What is the geometric tolerance for cross sections in the shaft having the following sizes? [2 Points]

a. 1.256

ANSWER: **0.011 in**

b. 1.238

ANSWER: **part rejected**

a) *size* = 1.256

- Check size: $1.240 < 1.256 < 1.260$ (\Rightarrow ok)
- $GT_{1.256} = V_c - \text{size} = 1.267 - 1.256 = 0.011$

b) *size* = 1.238

- Check size: $1.238 < 1.240$ (*LMC*) (\Rightarrow **part is rejected**)

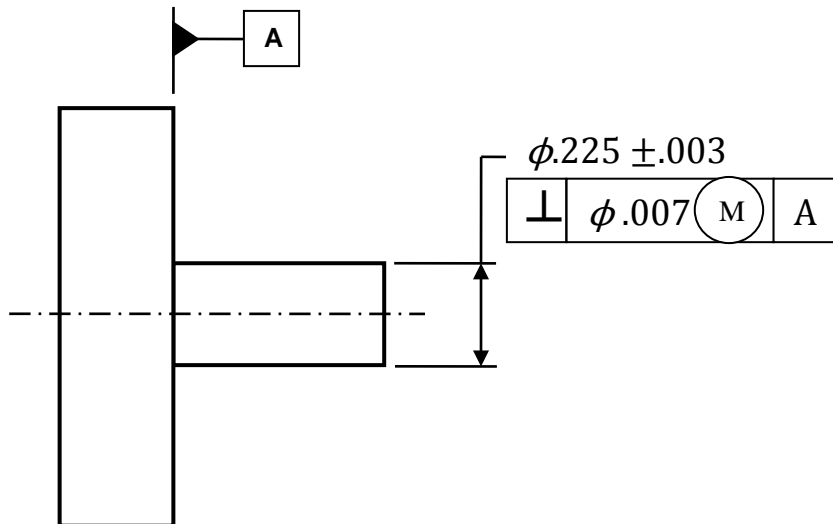
IE-352
 Section 1, CRN: 32997
 Section 2, CRN: 5022
 Second Semester 1431-32 H (Spring-2011) – 4(4,1,1)
 MANUFACTURING PROCESSES - 2

Sunday, Apr 17, 2011 (13/5/1432H)

Quiz 3 ANSWERS

Name:	Student Number: 42
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Examine the shaft system below (dimensions in mm) and answer the following questions.



1. Describe below each element of the *feature control frame*. [3 Points]

The shaft must lie perpendicular within a tolerance zone of 0.007 mm diameter (ϕ) at the maximum material condition (MMC), with respect to datum axis A.

2. What type of geometric tolerance is involved here (form, orientation, or location)? [1 Point] ANSWER: **orientation**

3. What is the basic size? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.225 mm**

4. What is the feature size at *MMC*? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.228 mm**

At MMC: $\phi = 0.225 + 0.003 = 0.228 \text{ mm}$

5. What is the feature size at *V_C*? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.235 mm**



$$V_c = \phi_{MMC} + \text{Geom. Tol} = 0.228 + 0.007 = 0.235 \text{ mm}$$

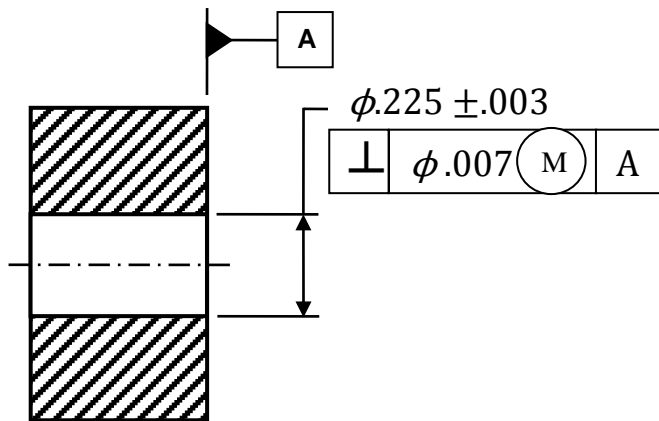
IE-352
 Section 1, CRN: 32997
 Section 2, CRN: 5022
 Second Semester 1431-32 H (Spring-2011) – 4(4,1,1)
 MANUFACTURING PROCESSES - 2

Sunday, Apr 17, 2011 (13/5/1432H)

Quiz 3 ANSWERS

Name:	Student Number: 42
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Examine the hole system below (dimensions in mm) and answer the following questions.



1. Describe below each element of the *feature control frame*. [3 Points]

The hole must lie perpendicular within a tolerance zone of 0.007 mm diameter (ϕ) at the maximum material condition (MMC), with respect to datum axis A.

2. What type of geometric tolerance is involved here (form, orientation, or location)? [1 Point] ANSWER: **orientation**

3. What is the basic size? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.225 mm**

4. What is the feature size at *MMC*? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.222 mm**

At MMC: $\phi = 0.225 - 0.003 = 0.222 \text{ mm}$

5. What is the feature size at V_c ? [2 Points] ANSWER: **0.215 mm**

$V_c = \phi_{MMC} + Geom. Tol = 0.222 - 0.007 = 0.215 \text{ mm}$

IE-352
 Section 1, CRN: 13536
 Section 2, CRN: 30521
 First Semester 1432-33 H (Fall-2011) – 4(4,1,1)
 MANUFACTURING PROCESSES - 2

Sunday, Nov 20, 2011 (24/12/1432H)

Quiz 4 ANSWERS

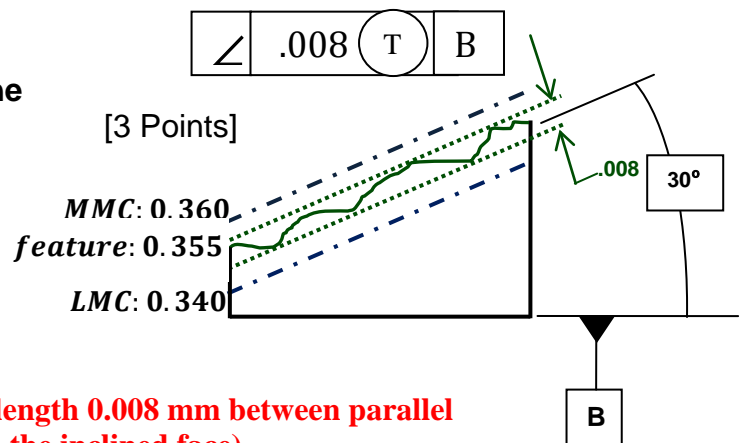
Name:	Student Number: 4	Section: 8:00 / 10:00
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Examine the feature below (dimensions in *mm*) and answer the following questions.

1. Describe below each element of the feature control frame.

The featured dimension must lie,

- at a 30-degree angle
- with respect to datum axis B,
- and within a tolerance zone of length 0.008 mm between parallel planes (containing all points on the inclined face)
- where the top plane is tangent to high point(s) of the face.



2. What type of geometric tolerance is involved here, (form, orientation, or location)? [1 Point]

ANSWER: orientation

3. What is the basic size? [2 Points]

ANSWER:

0.350 mm

4. Use the diagram above to sketch the two planes that contain the MMC and LMC. (see diagram) [1 Point]

5. If the feature size is 0.355 mm, use the diagram above to sketch the two planes that must contain all points on the part. (see diagram) [2 Points]

- Note, feature size (0.355 mm) lies within the size zone (0.340 – 0.360 mm)
- Also note, lowest point on face lies at:



$$0.355 - 0.008 = 0.347 \text{ mm (i. e. within zone, since } > \text{ LMC)}$$

6. If the datum (B) is removed from the FCF above, what is the resulting geometric tolerance type? [1 Point] ANSWER: **form (flatness)**

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Section 1, CRN: 5022/5030/5041

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Second Semester 1433-34 H (Spring-2013) – 4(4,1,1)

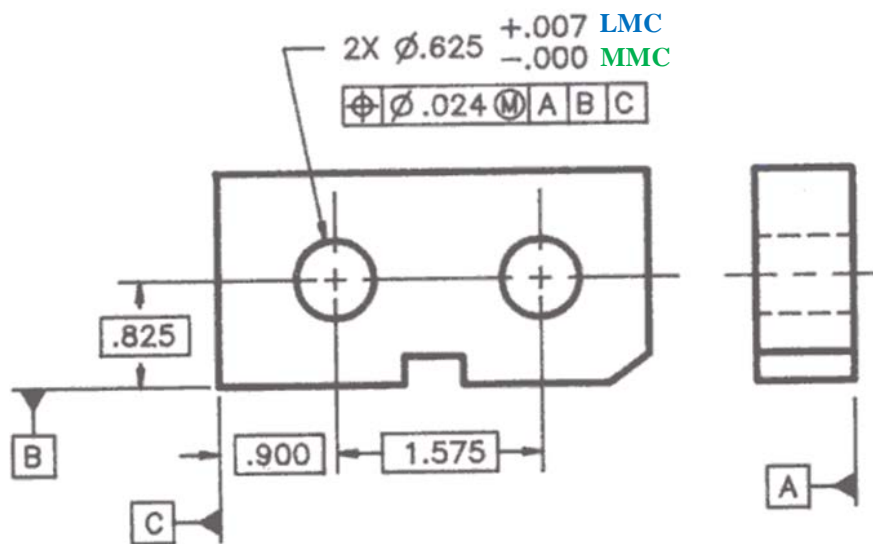
MANUFACTURING PROCESSES – 2

Monday, Mar 18, 2013 (06/05/1434H)

Quiz 4 ANSWERS

Name: Ahmed M. El-Sherbeeny, PhD	Student Number: 4	Section: 8:00 / 10:00
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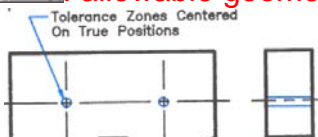
Examine the drawing below and answer the following questions. [units: *in*]



1. What type of geometric tolerance is involved here (form, orientation, or location)? [1 Point] **ANSWER:** location

2. Describe below each element of the *feature control frame*. [3 Points]

- : geometric – location – **position** tolerance
- $\text{Ø} .024 \text{ M}$: allowable geometric tolerance is a **0.024 in cylindrical error**

zone  measured around center point (or “centered on true positions”), and is taken at the **MMC of the hole**

- **A B C**: the tolerance is determined with reference to datums **A (primary datum)**, **B (secondary datum)**, and **C (tertiary datum)**

3. What is the basic size? [1 Point]

ANSWER: **0.625 in**

4. Is this a “basic hole” or “basic shaft” system (and why)? [1 Point]

ANSWER: **Basic hole system**

From the drawing $\phi.625 \begin{matrix} +.007 \\ -.000 \end{matrix}$ we can see that the $hole_{MMC} = BS = 0.625$

This must, thus, be a **basic hole system**

5. What is the size of the *virtual shaft*? [2 Points]

ANSWER: **0.601 in**

virtual shaft: $V_c = \phi_{hole@MMC} - GT_{MMC} = 0.625 - 0.024 = 0.601 in$

6. What is the $shaft_{MMC}$ and $shaft_{LMC}$ given that an allowance of 5 *thousands* is required, and that the shaft has the *same* tolerance as the hole? [2 Points]

$shaft_{MMC}$: **0.596 in**

$shaft_{LMC}$: **0.589 in**

$\phi_{shaft@MMC} = V_c - allowance = 0.601 - 0.005 = 0.596 in$

$\phi_{shaft@LMC} = \phi_{shaft@MMC} - DT_{shaft} = 0.596 - 0.007 = 0.589 in$