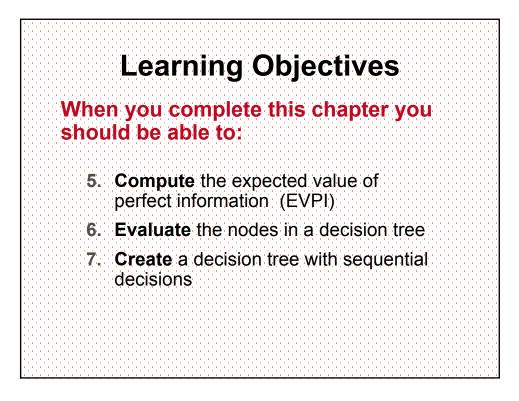
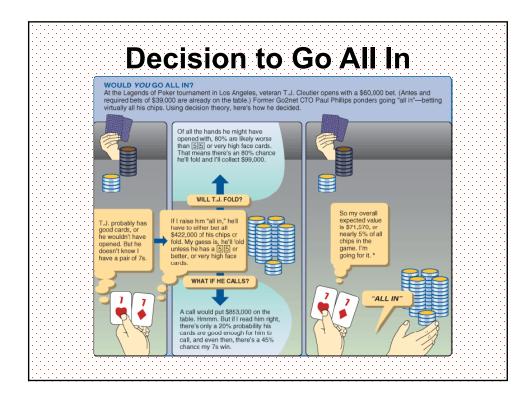


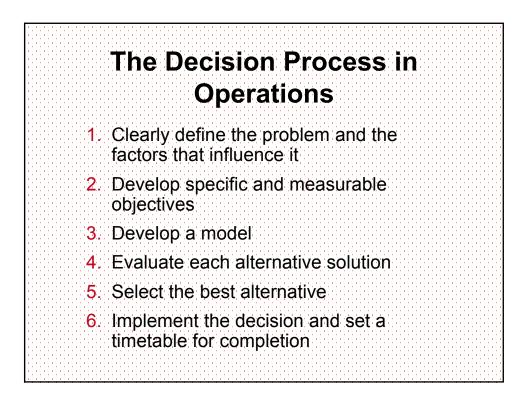
Learning Objectives

When you complete this chapter you should be able to:

- 1. Create a simple decision tree
- 2. Build a decision table
- 3. Explain when to use each of the three types of decision-making environments
- 4. Calculate an expected monetary value (EMV)

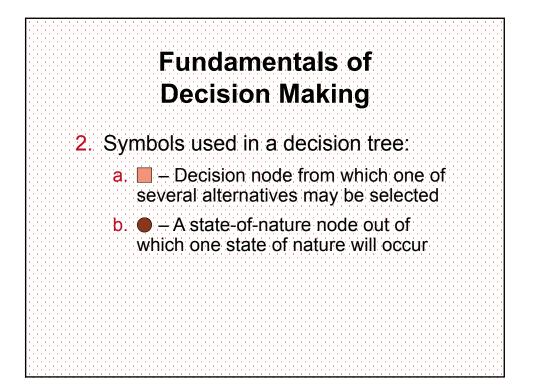


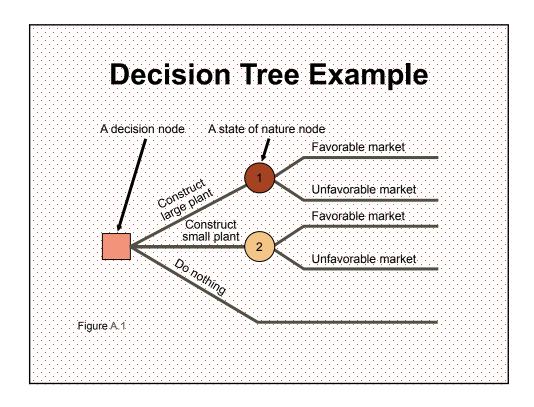




Fundamentals of Decision Making

- 1. Terms:
 - *a. Alternative* a course of action or strategy that may be chosen by the decision maker
 - *b.* State of nature an occurrence or a situation over which the decision maker has little or no control



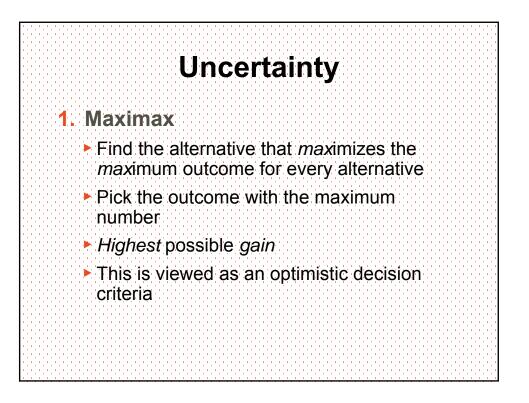


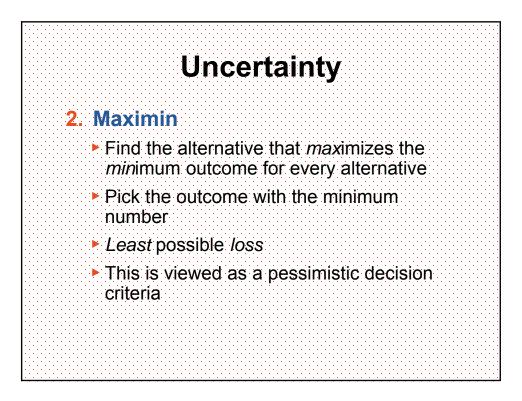
STATES OF NATURE LTERNATIVES FAVORABLE MARKET UNFAVORABLE MARKI onstruct large plant \$200,000 -\$180,000 onstruct small plant \$100,000 -\$2,000			itional Values for Getz Products	
onstruct large plant \$200,000\$180,000				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
onstruct small plant \$100 000	Construct large plant	\$200,000	-\$180,000	
	Construct small plant	\$100,000	-\$ 20,000	
oʻnothing \$ 0 \$	Do nothing	\$ 0	\$ 0	

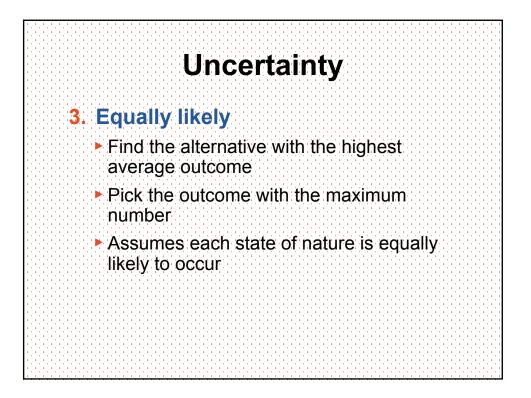


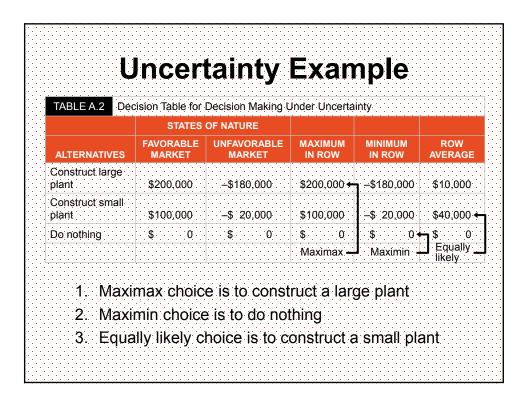
Decision making under uncertainty

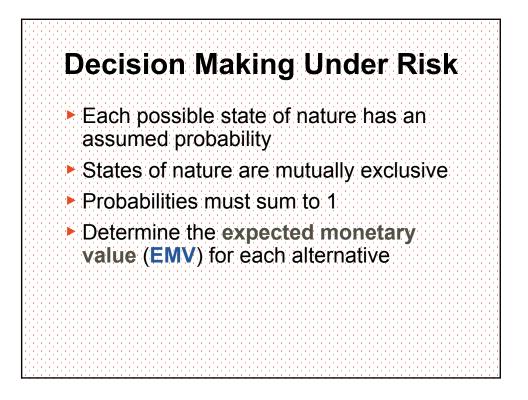
- Complete uncertainty as to which state of nature may occur
- Decision making under risk
 - Several states of nature may occur
 - Each has a probability of occurring
- Decision making under certainty
 - State of nature is known

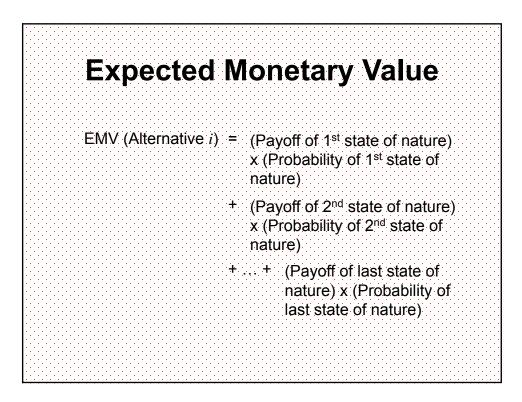




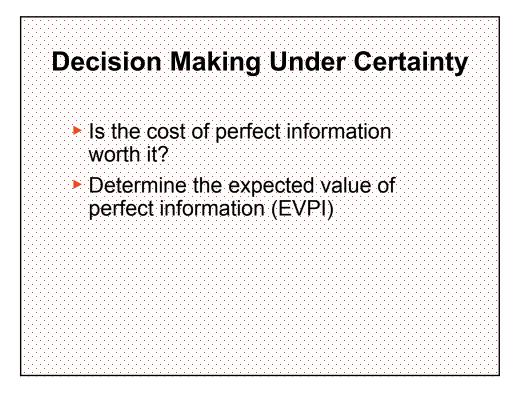


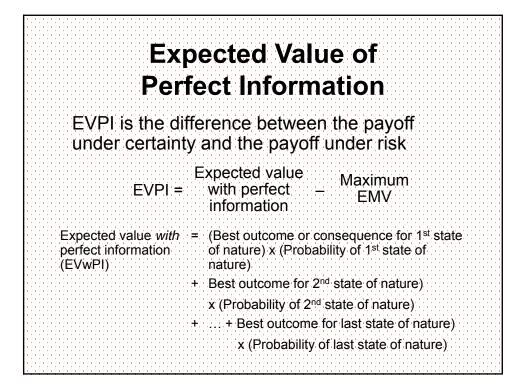


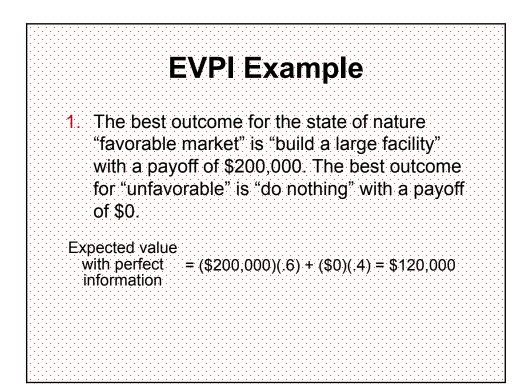


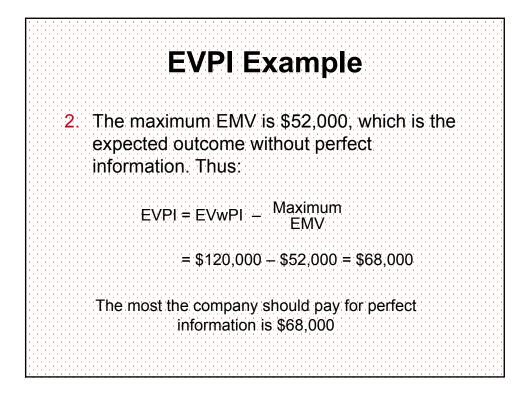


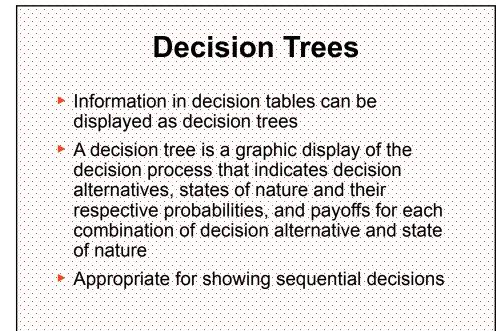
ABLE A.3 Decision Table for Getz Products STATES OF NATURE		
ALTERNATIVES	FAVORABLE	UNFAVORABLE MARKET
Construct large plant (A ₁)	\$200,000	-\$180,000
Construct small plant (A ₂)	\$100,000	-\$ 20,000
Do nothing (A ₃)	\$ 0	\$ 0
Probabilities	0.6	0.4

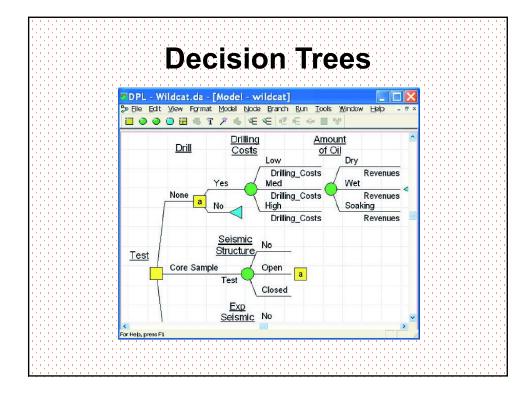


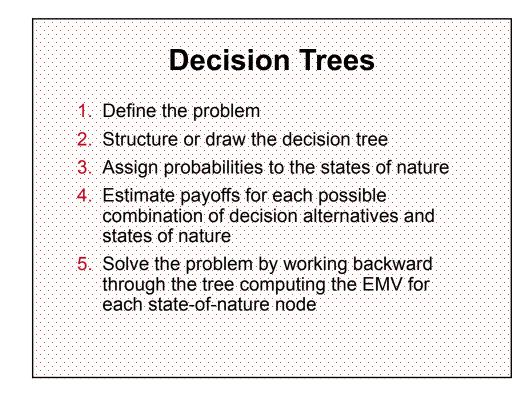


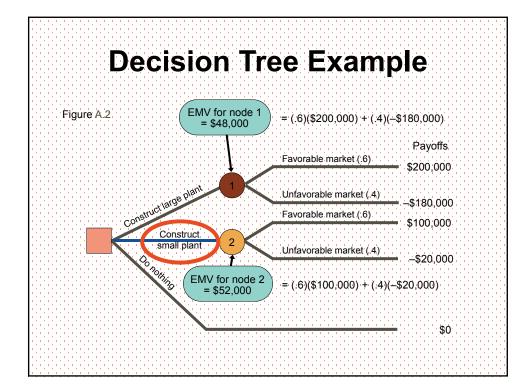


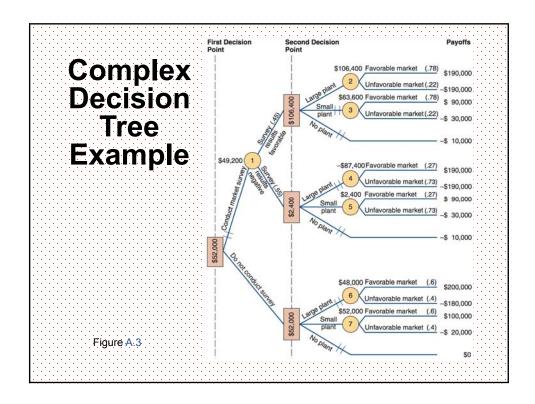












Complex Example

1. Given favorable survey results

EMV(2) = (.78)(\$190,000) + (.22)(-\$190,000) = \$106,400 EMV(3) = (.78)(\$90,000) + (.22)(-\$30,000) = \$63,600

The EMV for no plant = -\$10,000 so, if the survey results are favorable, build the large plant

Complex Example

2. Given negative survey results

EMV(4) = (.27)(\$190,000) + (.73)(-\$190,000) = -\$87,400 EMV(5) = (.27)(\$90,000) + (.73)(-\$30,000) = \$2,400

> The EMV for no plant = -\$10,000 so, if the survey results are negative, build the small plant

