

Q1: Let $W = \{(2x+3, 0) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ be a subset of the Euclidean vector space \mathbb{R}^2 . Show that W is **a subspace** of \mathbb{R}^2 . (4 marks)

Q2: Let $S = \{(1, 1, 0), (1, 2, 0), (3, 4, 5)\}$.

(i) Show that the set S forms a basis for the vector space \mathbb{R}^3 . (3 marks)

(ii) Find the vector $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$, where $(v)_S = (2, 2, 1)$. (1 mark)

Q3: Let $B = \{(1, 2, 1), (3, 0, 3), (5, 4, 5)\}$ be a subset of the vector space \mathbb{R}^3 . Find a subset of B that forms a basis for $\text{span}(B)$. (3 marks)

Q4: Use the Wronskian to show that the set $\{x, \sin(x), \cos(x)\}$ is linearly independent. (2 marks)

Q5: Let $S = \{(1, 2), (3, 7)\}$ and $B = \{(2, 1), (1, 3)\}$ be two bases for the vector space \mathbb{R}^2 . Find the transition matrix from B to S . (3 marks)

Q6: Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(i) Find bases for $\text{col}(A)$ and $\text{row}(A)$. (4 marks)

(ii) Deduce $\text{nullity}(A^T)$ **without solving any equations**. (2 marks)

Q7:(i) If $S = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ is a basis for a vector space V , then prove that every vector v in V can be expressed in the form $v = c_1v_1 + c_2v_2 + \dots + c_nv_n$ in exactly one way. (1 mark)

(ii) For any matrix A , prove that $\text{rank}(A) = \text{rank}(A^T)$. (1 mark)

(iii) Let $S = \{p_1, p_2, p_3\}$ be a linearly independent set in the vector space P_3 . Is S a basis for P_3 ? Why? (1 mark)