

EXERCISES CH3

PART A

Q1) Let $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$

$B = \{4, 9, 2, 7\}$

$C = \{\text{Larry, Moe, Curly}\}$

$D = \{\text{cat, dog}\}$

$E = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$

$N = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, \dots\}$

$F = \{x/x \text{ is a person in this room}\}$

$G = \{b, c, f\}$,

determine whether each statement is true or false.

1. $7 \in B$

2. $n(A) = a$

3. $B \subseteq N$

4. $\text{dog} \subseteq D$

5. $\{7\} \in B$

6. $\{6, 8, 10\} \subseteq E$

7. $\{6, 8, 10\} \subseteq \{6, 8, 10\}$

Q2) Let

$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

$X = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$

$W = \{x/x \text{ is an odd number}\}$

$Y = \{3\}$,

determine whether each statement is true or false.

1. $X' = W$

2. $Y \subseteq W$
3. $Y \subset W$
4. $X \subseteq U$
5. $\{ \} \subseteq X$

Q3) Let $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$ How many subsets does A have?

Q4) Let

$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, \dots\}$$

$$S = \{x/x \text{ is less than } 10\}$$

How many subsets does S have?

Q5) Let

$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\} \quad S = \{1, 2, 4, 7\}$$

$$T = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7\} \quad V = \{4, 5, 6\}$$

Decide whether each statement is true or false.

1. $S \subset T$ 2. $n(S) = 7$ 3. $4 \notin V$ 4. $T \subseteq V$ 5. $S \subseteq T$

6. $\{2, 4, 6\} = \{x/x \text{ is an even number}\}$ 7. $T \subseteq \{ \}$ 8. $7 \in T$

9. T has 36 subsets 10. V has 7 proper subsets 11. $\{ \} \subseteq V$

12. $V = \{x/x > 3\}$ 13. $V = \{1, 2, 3\}$ 14. $\{7, 4, 2, 1\} = S$

15. $\{1\} \subset T$ 16. $\{1\} \subseteq T$ 17. $V \subseteq \{5, 6\}$

Q6) Let

$$U = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\} \quad A = \{a, c, e, f\} \quad B = \{c, d, e\} \quad C = \{e, f\}$$

Find each of the following:

1. A'

2. B'
3. C'
4. $B \cup C$
5. $A \cap C$
6. $B \cap C$
7. $(A \cup B)'$
8. $A' \cup B'$
9. $B' \cap C$
10. $A \cup (B' \cap C)$

Q7) Let

$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$$

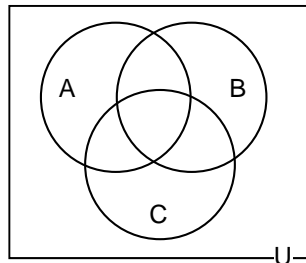
$$S = \{2, 5, 7, 9\}$$

$$V = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$T = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9\}$$

Find $(S' \cap T)'$

Q8) On a standard three-circle Venn diagram like the one shown below, shade the region(s) corresponding to the given set expression.



- | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. $(A' \cap B) \cap C'$ | 2. $A \cap (B \cap C')$ | 3. $(A \cup B) \cap C$ |
| 4. $(A \cap C)' \cup B'$ | 5. $(A' \cup B)' \cap C$ | 6. $A' \cup (B' \cap C)$ |

Q9) Let $U = \{ b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j \}$ $V = \{e\}$ $W = \{c, f, g, j\}$ Find $(V' \cup W)'$

Q10) Let $U = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 \}$ $T = \{2, 3, 9\}$ $V = \{8, 9, 10\}$ Find $(T' \cup V)'$

Q11) Let $U = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 \}$ $T = \{2, 5\}$ $V = \{1, 2, 3, 7, 8\}$ Find $(V \cap T)'$

Q12) $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ $S = \{2, 4, 5\}$ $T = \{3, 5, 7\}$
 $V = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 7\}$ $W = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$ Find $(S \cap V)' \cup (W' \cup T)$

Q13) Let $U = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 \}$ $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 7\}$ $T = \{5, 6\}$
 $V = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9\}$ Find $S' \cup (T \cap V)$

PART B

1. Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$m, n \in A, \quad m R n \Leftrightarrow n = m^2$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?

2. Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$x, y \in A, \quad x R y \Leftrightarrow xy \leq 9$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?
- (iii) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents R ?

3. Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$x, y \in A, \quad x R y \Leftrightarrow y = 2x$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?

4. Suppose R is a relation defined on the set $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$, as

$$x, y \in A, \quad x R y \Leftrightarrow |x - y| < 2$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents R
- (iii) Determine whether the relation R is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

5 . Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$$a, b \in A, \quad a R b \Leftrightarrow a^2 = b^2$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?
- (iii) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents R ?
- (iv) Determine whether the relation R is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

6). Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$

$$a, b \in A, \quad a R b \Leftrightarrow a.b < 0$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?
- (iii) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents R ?
- (iv) Find R^2 .
- (v) Determine whether the relation R is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

7. Let R be a relation defined on the set $A = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$

$$a, b \in A, \quad a R b \Leftrightarrow a.b \geq 2$$

- (i) What are the ordered pairs in the relation R ?
- (ii) Find the domain and the image of R ?
- (iii) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents R ?
- (iv) Find R^2 .
- (v) Determine whether the relation R is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

1 8. Let $S = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,2), (3,1), (3,3)\}$ be a relation on the set $B = \{1, 2, 3\}$

- (i) Draw the directed graph (diagraph) that represents S ?
- (ii) Find S^2 , \bar{S} , $S \circ \bar{S}$
- (iii) Find \mathbf{M}_S
- (iv) Determine whether the relation S is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*

9. Let $S = \{(1, v), (1, w), (2, u), (2, v), (3, w)\}$ and $T = \{(1, u), (1, w), (2, v), (2, w), (3, u), (3, v)\}$ are relations from the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ to the set $B = \{u, v, w\}$.

- (i) Find \bar{S} , $\bar{S} \cap T$, $T - \bar{S}$
- (ii) Find $T^{-1} \circ S$
- (iii) Find $S^{-1} \circ T$

10. Suppose R is a relation defined on the integers set $\mathbb{Z}^+ = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$
 $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, $m R n \Leftrightarrow m + n = 20$

Determine whether the relation T is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

11. Suppose T is a relation defined on the integers set \mathbb{Z}

$$m, n \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad m T n \Leftrightarrow m + n \geq 2$$

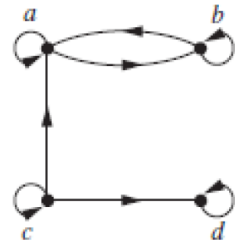
Determine whether the relation T is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

12. Let T be a relation defined on the integers set $\mathbb{Z} = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$
 $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$, $m T n \Leftrightarrow m + n$ is odd

Determine whether the relation T is *reflexive*, *symmetric*, *antisymmetric*, and/or *transitive*.

13. Determine whether the relation for the directed graphs shown in the Figure is reflexive, symmetric, antisymmetric, and/or transitive.

Solution:



14. Let T be a relation defined on \mathbb{Z} such that:

$$a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad a T b \Leftrightarrow |a| = |b|$$

- (i) Show that T is an equivalence relation .