

Question 1. [5,4] a) Determine and sketch the largest local region of the xy -plane for which the initial value problem

$$\begin{cases} \ln(9 - x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{y - 3} + \cos y \\ y(0) = 5, \end{cases}$$

has a unique solution.

b) Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$(x + y)dy + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 2xy}dx = 0, \quad x > 0, \quad y > 0$$

Question 2. [4, 4]. a) Solve the differential equation

$$\left(\frac{y^2}{x} + 2x \ln y \right) dx + \left(\frac{x^2}{y} + 2y \ln x \right) dy = 0, \quad x > 0, \quad y > 0.$$

b) Obtain the general solution of the differential equation

$$(x^3 + 3y^3)dx - 3xy^2dy = 0, \quad x > 0.$$

Question 3. [4, 4]. a) Solve the initial value problem

$$\begin{cases} (y \sin x + \sin x)dx = (2 - \cos x)(y^2 + y + 1)dy, \quad y \neq -1 \\ y(0) = 0. \end{cases}$$

b) By using an appropriate substitution, solve the initial value problem

$$\begin{cases} (y - 2x)y' = (1 + y - 2x)^2 \\ y(0) = 4\sqrt{3}. \end{cases}$$

Question 4. [5] The number of bacteria in a culture is doubled in 4 hours. If the number of bacteria after 8 hours is 2000. What will be the initial number of bacteria. The rate of growth of bacteria is proportional to the number of bacteria at present time.