

$$D^2 f_2(1,1,1)((-1,1,1), (1,1,-1)) = 4$$

$$D^2 f_3(1,1,1)((-1,1,1), (1,1,-1)) = -4$$

لنتذكر أن

$$D^2 f(1,1,1)((-1,1,1), (1,1,-1)) = (2, 4, -4)$$

$$a = (-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) \quad f(x, y) = \sin xy$$

السؤال ③

لنحسب هسشور تايلور من الدرجة الثانية للدالة f عند a

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = y \cos xy \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x \cos xy \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = -y^2 \sin xy \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\pi^2}{16}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = -xy \sin xy + \cos xy \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = -x^2 \sin xy \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) = 4$$

$$P_2(x, y) = f(-2, \frac{\pi}{4}) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4})(x+2) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4})(y - \frac{\pi}{4}) \\ + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4})(x+2)^2 + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4})(x+2)(y - \frac{\pi}{4}) \\ + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(-2, \frac{\pi}{4})(y - \frac{\pi}{4})^2$$

$$P_2(x, y) = -1 + \frac{\pi^2}{32}(x+2)^2 + \frac{\pi}{2}(x+2)(y - \frac{\pi}{4}) + 2(y - \frac{\pi}{4})^2$$