

M-570 FINAL EXAMINATION
I-Semester, 1430
Department of Mathematics
College of Science, King Saud University

Time 3 Hours

Max. Marks-50

Note: *Attempt all questions*

Q.1.(a) Let M be an n -dimensional smooth manifold and $p \in M$. For a smooth function $f \in C^\infty(p)$ and a chart (U, φ) with local coordinates x^1, \dots, x^n , show that there exist smooth functions $g_1, \dots, g_n \in C^\infty(\varphi(p))$ satisfying

$$f = f(p) + \sum_{i=1}^n (x^i - x^i(p)) g_i \circ \varphi$$

(b) For charts (U, φ) and (V, ψ) , $U \cap V \neq \emptyset$ on a smooth manifold M with local coordinates x^1, \dots, x^n and y^1, \dots, y^n respectively, show that the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y^1}{\partial x^1}(p) & \cdots & \cdots & \frac{\partial y^1}{\partial x^n}(p) \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdot \\ \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & \cdot \\ \frac{\partial y^n}{\partial x^1}(p) & \cdots & \cdots & \frac{\partial y^n}{\partial x^n}(p) \end{bmatrix}$$

is invertible.

Q.2. (a) Let $f : S^2 \rightarrow R$ be $f(x, y, z) = x + y - z$ and $p = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \in S^2$. For a chart (U, φ) around p with local coordinates x^1, x^2 and $X_p = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x^1}\right)_p - \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x^2}\right)_p$ find $X_p(f)$.

(b) Find df_p and ascertain whether the point p is a regular point or a critical point.

Q.3. (a) Let $h : S^1 \rightarrow S^2$ be $h(x, y) = \left(\frac{x-y}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{x+y}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$ and $q = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \in S^1$. Find $h^*(f)(q)$ for the function f in Q.2(a).

(b) Let $U = S^1 - \{(0, 1)\}$, $\varphi : U \rightarrow R$ and t be the local coordinate on the chart (U, φ) . Find $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(h^*(f))(q)$.

(c) Find the matrix for dh_q .

Q.4. (a) Let $f, g : R^2 \rightarrow R$ be $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - y^2)$ and $g(x, y) = xy$. For a point $p \in R^2 - \{(0, 0)\}$, show that there exists a chart (U, φ) around p with local coordinates f, g .

(b) Let $\varphi : R^2 \rightarrow R^2$, be $\varphi(x, y, z, w) = (x + y - z, y + z - w)$. Show that φ is a submersion. Is $M = \varphi^{-1}\{(0, 0)\}$ a smooth manifold?

Q.5.(a) Let $f : M \rightarrow N$ be an immersion. Then show that for any $p \in M$, there is a neighbourhood U of p , such that $f : U \rightarrow N$ is one-to-one.

(b) If $f : M \rightarrow N$ is a smooth map and $q \in N$ is a regular value of f , then show that $L = f^{-1}\{q\}$ is a smooth manifold.

Q.6.(a) Let M be a smooth manifold and $X : C^\infty(M) \rightarrow C^\infty(M)$ be a derivation of the ring $C^\infty(M)$. Show that X is a smooth vector field.

(b) Let $U = \{[(x, y, x)] \in RP^2 : z \neq 0\}$ and $\varphi : U \rightarrow R^2$ be $\varphi([(x, y, z)]) = \left(\frac{x}{z}, \frac{y}{z}\right)$ with local coordinates x^1, x^2 . If $X \in \mathfrak{X}(RP^2)$ has local expression

$$X = x^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x^1} - x^1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x^2}$$

find an integral curve of X passing through the point $[(-1, 1, 1)]$.