

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ.

الأخلاق الإنسانية.. وضعها القرآن ورسخها المسلمون.

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# Nursing Ethics.

by

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# .Objective

Upon completion of this session the students will be  
;able to

- Illustrate ethical principal related to nursing.
- Discuss purpose of the code of ethics .
- Describe the elements of code.

# :Out line of content

- 1- Definition of ethics .
- 2-Glossary of terms.
- 3-Purpose of code of ethics.
- 4-Elements of the code of ethics.

# .Introduction

Ethics is not primarily focused on scientific theories, hypotheses, or technical instruments, methods & skills

# Definition.

## **Ethics:**

**Ethics are systems of valued behaviors and beliefs that govern proper conduct to ensure the protection of an individual's rights.**

**Ethics are associated with  
society**

# **.Ethics code**

**An ethics is a written list of professions values and standards of conduct,**

**An ethics code provides a framework for decision.**



# Glossary of terms used in the ICN code of ethics for nurses.

- Co-worker.
- Co-operative.
- Nurse shares with society.
- Personal information.
- Personal health.
- Related groups.

# The purpose of this code of ethics

- Identify the fundamental moral commitments of the profession.
- Provide nurses with a basis for professional and self reflection on ethical conduct.
- Act as a guide to ethical practice.
- Indicate to the community the moral values which nurses can be expected to hold.

# Ethical Principles

Autonomy

.Respect

Nonmaleficence

Beneficence

Justice

Fidelity

Confidentiality

Veracity

Accountability

# Autonomy

The freedom to make decisions about  
themselves

Nurses need to respect clients' rights to  
make choices about health care

# Respect

respect

Refers to treating people as unique ,equal  
and responsible moral agent

# Beneficence

This principle means “doing good” for others

Nurses need to assist clients in meeting all their needs

Biological

Psychological

Social

# Nonmaleficence

Requires that no harm be caused to an individual, either unintentionally or deliberately

This principle requires nurses to protect individuals who are unable to protect themselves

# Justice

Every individual must be treated equally

This requires nurses to be nonjudgmental



# Fidelity

## Loyalty

The promise to fulfill all commitments

The basis of accountability

# Confidentiality

Anything stated to nurses or health-care providers by clients must remain confidential

The only times this principle may be violated :are

If clients may indicate harm to themselves or others

If the client gives permission for the information to be shared

# Veracity

“This principle implies “truthfulness

Nurses need to be truthful to their clients

Veracity is an important component of building trusting relationships

# Accountability

Individuals need to be responsible for their own actions

Nurses are accountable to themselves and to their colleagues

# Current Ethical Issues

**Issues .life & death**

**New technologieslimits. &**

**. Cooperative professional relations**

# Organizational Ethics

**Focus on the workplace**

**Ethical culture makes a difference**

**Senior leadership must promote an ethical culture**

**Public accountability**

**public involvement -**

**complaints process -**

# . Elements of the code of

- Nurses and people.
- Nurses and practice.
- Nurses and profession.
- Nurses and co – workers.

# .Nurses & people

- The nurses Primary responsibility is to people who need nursing care.
- The nurse, in providing care ,promotes an environment in which the values ,customs, and spiritual beliefs of individual are respect.
- The nurse hold in confidence personal information and uses judgment sharing this information.



# .Nurses& practice

- The nurse carries responsibility for nursing practice and for maintain competence by continual learning .the nurse maintained the highest standard of nursing care possible within the reality of a specific situation.
- The nurse uses judgment in relation to individual competence when accepting and delegating responsibility.



- The nurse when acting in a professional capacity should at all times maintain standards of personal conduct which reflect credit upon the profession.

# .Nurses & co-workers

- The nurse sustains a cooperative relationship with co-worker in nursing and other field.
- The nurse takes appropriate action to safeguard the individual when his care is endangered by a co-worker or any other person.

# .Nurses & the profession

- The nurse plays the major role in determining and implementing desirable standards of nursing practice and nursing education.
- The nurse is active in developing a core of professional knowledge.
- The nurse, acting through the professional organization, participates in establishing and maintaining equitable social and economic working conditions in nursing.

# ETHICS

## An Overview

### CONCLUSION

In a world divided by crisis, inequality  
..and failures of understanding

**:Ethics MEANS**

Cooperation for non-harm \*  
*(i.e. non-exploitation of humans)*

*(and nature*

Respecting limits in everything \*

An endeavour to understand \*  
and trust

Openness and patience \*

(“Let’s begin with ‘me’ (not ‘them’ \*)

**Thank**

**you**